

AGENDA

BOARD OF TRUSTEES MEETING

Friday, September 22, 2006, 12:00 p.m.
Zermatt Resort & Spa
784 West Resort Drive, Midway

12:00	Lunch Provided	
	Call to Order and Introduction of New Trustee	Dan McConkie
	Review of Board Members Absent	Dan McConkie
	Approval of August 22, 2006 Meeting Minutes	Dan McConkie
ITEM	INFORMATION	
1	State Auditor's Classification of UCIP	Kent Sundberg
2	Loss Control Manager's Report	Mark Brady
3	Chief Executive Officer's Report	Lester Nixon
	ACTION	
4	Ratify the Action of the Chief Executive Officer to Sign the Revised Mutual Release Presented by UAC	Dan McConkie
5	Approve Assignment of Property Excess/Reinsurance Markets and Authorize the Chief Executive Officer to Solicit Quotes	Lester Nixon
6	Approve RFP to Provide Audit Services	Lester Nixon
7	Authorize Chief Executive Officer to Execute Documents for AIG Settlement	Lester Nixon
8	Review Report on Workers' Compensation Claims Administration Consider Authorizing Chief Executive Officer to Send Notice of Contract Termination to ASC	Lester Nixon
9	Set Date and Time for Closed Meeting to Discuss Pending or Reasonably Imminent Litigation	
10	Action on Litigation Matters	Kent Sundberg
11	Set Date and Time for Closed Meeting to Discuss Character, Professional Competence, Physical/Mental Health of an Individual	Dan McConkie
12	Ratification and Approval of Payments and Credit Card Transactions	Gene Roundy

Other Business

Next Meeting

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BOARD OF TRUSTEES MEETING MINUTES

September 22, 2006, 12:00 p.m. Zermatt Resort, Midway, UT

BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT

Dan McConkie, *President*, Davis County Commissioner Lynn Lemon, *Vice President*, Cache County Executive Gene Roundy, *Secretary-Treasurer*, Iron County Commissioner

Steve Baker, Davis County Personnel Director Kay Blackwell, Piute County Commissioner Jim Eardley, Washington County Commissioner

Ira Hatch, Emery County Commissioner Kent Sundberg, Utah County Deputy Attorney Steve Wall, Sevier County Clerk-Auditor Steve White, Utah County Commissioner

BOARD MEMBERS ABSENT

Ken Bischoff, Weber County Commissioner Karla Johnson, Kane County Clerk-Auditor

Jim Nyland, Grand County Sheriff

OTHERS PRESENT

Lester Nixon, Chief Executive Officer Sonya White, Manager of Administration Mark Brady, Loss Control Manager

Call to Order and Introduction of New Trustee

During lunch, Dan McConkie called this meeting of the Utah Counties Insurance Pool Board of Trustees to order at 11:50 a.m. on September 22, 2006. Dan introduced Commissioner Steve White, Utah County's newly appointed representative to the UCIP Board of Trustees.

Review of Board Members Absent

Ken Bischoff requested to be excused from this meeting due to a prior meeting commitment. Karla Johnson requested to be excused from this meeting due to illness. Jim Nyland had a speaking engagement today and requested to be excused from this meeting. Lynn Lemon made a motion to excuse Ken Bischoff, Karla Johnson and Jim Nyland from this meeting. Gene Roundy seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Approval of August 22, 2006 Meeting Minutes

The minutes of the Board of Trustees meeting held August 22, 2006 were previously sent to the Board of Trustees for review. Steve Wall recommended that *Sheriffs*, in the first sentence in item: Discussion Update for "On Call" and Related Personal Use of County Vehicles, page two, be corrected to *Sheriff's*. Gene Roundy requested that his name be corrected from *Gen* to *Gene*, page four, Set Date and Time for Closed Meeting. Gene Roundy made a motion to approve the August 22, 2006 Board meeting minutes with the recommended corrections. Steve Wall seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

State Auditor's Classification of UCIP

Kent Sundberg has spoken with Van Christensen of the State Auditor's Office who does not have any rationale as to why the Utah Counties Insurance Pool is classified as a special district other than as a means of providing financial reporting as required by the State Auditor. The Interlocal Cooperation Act does not have any classification procedures. Kent thought that since counties formed UCIP, UCIP should follow county classification procedures with the State Auditor. Van pointed out that the Special Districts Act procedures are similar to counties' procedures. As this is true, Kent is satisfied with the State Auditor's classification of UCIP.

Loss Control Manager's Report

Mark Brady reported that the online survey results, from the Annual Certification in Risk Management Program, held August 22-24, are being received and compiled. Mark will review the final results with the Board at its next meeting.

Mark provided the Board with a copy of the quarterly newsletters, *Personnel Advisor* (see attachment #1) and *Law Enforcement Risk* (see attachment #2). Participation from county personnel directors and law enforcement offices will be utilized for the content of each upcoming newsletter.

Mark will begin conducting compliance reviews in each county for the Multiline Risk Management Program and the Workers' Compensation Loss Control Program. Lester Nixon and Mark have been considering changing the name of the programs to Best Practices Programs with the idea that each county would develop their own personalized program with the assistance of UCIP. The Board agreed with this idea and Jim Eardley made a motion to approve the name change of the Risk Management Program and the Loss Control Program to Best Practices Programs. Kay Blackwell seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Chief Executive Officer's Report

Lester Nixon provided the Board with a copy of his written report (see attachment #3) and provided the following information:

- 1) The Annual Membership Meeting will be held November 30 at Thanksgiving Point. Elections for the 2007 Board of Trustees will be more involved this year as UCIP honors five Trustees who have or will be retiring this year. UCIP will also be celebrating its 15-Year Anniversary and wants to have all Trustees and Members represented this year.
- The Litigation Management Committee met on August 23 in Cedar City to review the change in underwriting for the "On Call" Personal Use Tiered program for automobiles.
- 3) Lester and Anne Ayrton, Benefits Specialist, met with Eileen Nelson of Morgan County regarding the County's Health Plan. The Council has now asked UCIP to provide a formal proposal to them at their October 3 Council Meeting.
- 4) The Board was provided a copy of County Reinsurance Limited's Annual Report (see attachment #4). Lester will be attending CRL's Annual Membership Meeting next week.
- 5) The Insurance Services Office (ISO), an International Company set-up to work with insurance companies to standardize reports, has contacted Lester a couple of times wanting UCIP to pay annually \$10,000 to purchase the right to use ISO forms. Lester has explained to the ISO representative that UCIP has a limited membership base and doesn't need to use their forms. ISO claims that UCIP has used their forms in the past and continues to use their forms in the current coverage agreement. Lester assured ISO that UCIP has not used their forms and sent a copy of the UCIP Coverage Agreement to them. Lester suggested that UCIP could do away with the coverage agreement and just provide members with a list of exclusions. Jim Eardley made a motion authorizing Lester to notify ISO that UCIP will not pay for membership in ISO. Gene Roundy seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Lester reviewed the month ending August 2006 Multiline Pool loss report with the Board (see attachment #5). The number of claims for the current year to date is 52 open and 152 closed. Total paid for 2006 claims is \$404,314 and the total incurred is \$927,318. The loss ratio for the first eight months is 17%. All years' total incurred losses are \$24,396,638. All years' loss ratio for the first eight months is 38%.

Lester reviewed the month ending July 2006 Workers' Compensation Pool loss report with the Board (see attachment #6). The number of medical claims for the current year to date is 196 open and 100 closed for a total paid of \$76,633 and total incurred of \$244,501. The number of indemnity claims for the current year to date is 13 open and 2 closed for a total paid of \$58,087 and total incurred of \$160,937. For all years (2004-2006), the number of medical claims is 211 open and 731 closed for a total paid of \$394,065 and total incurred of \$584,131. The number of indemnity claims, for all years, is 29 open and 68 closed for a total paid of \$983,263 and total incurred \$1,802,629. Lester explained that in the past, reserves for medical only claims were not needed. This is a huge change in the workers' compensation industry due to lost time claims and increased medical and prescription drug costs.

Ratify the Action of the Chief Executive Officer

Lester Nixon explained that following the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, when the Mutual Release between the Utah Association of Counties (UAC) and the Utah Counties Insurance Pool was approved, Brent Gardner and Karl Hendrickson of UAC reworked the Release to state that UCIP "asserts a claim" instead of UCIP "holds claim against" UAC for certain indebtedness (see attachment #7). Lester signed the revised Mutual Release so that the UAC Executive Committee, that was also meeting today, could sign the check from UAC to UCIP in the amount of \$190,000. Bill Cox, UAC First Vice-President, gave the check to Lester today. Lynn Lemon made a motion to ratify the action of signing the revised Mutual Release by the Chief Executive Officer. Kay Blackwell seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Approve Assignment of Property Excess/Reinsurance Markets

Lester Nixon explained that brokers have approached him requesting to provide UCIP with property reinsurance quotes for the 2007 program. If markets are assigned to these brokers it eliminates confusion during the marketing process. Each broker (Gallagher, Marsh, Willis) was asked to provide Lester with a list of markets they would like to approach. Lester made the assignments pursuant to their requests (see attachment #8). Lester approached one market, Genesis, which will provide UCIP with a direct quote. County Reinsurance Limited will also provide UCIP with a property quote. Lynn Lemon made a motion to approve the market assignments as recommended by Lester Nixon. Jim Eardley seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Approve RFP to Provide Audit Services

Lester Nixon provided the Board with a draft Request for Proposal for Audit Services (see attachment #9). Steve Wall has reviewed the specifications and recommended that the year (2007) listed in the RFP should be taken out since UCIP is asking for a three-year contract and any date reference should state "of each year". Kay Blackwell made a motion to approve the RFP to provide audit services as corrected. Gene Roundy seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Authorize Chief Executive Officer to Execute Documents for AIG Settlement

Lester Nixon explained that UCIP has purchased \$250,000 in liability coverage from C.V. Starr (which was a subsidiary of AIG), above the \$2,000,000 limit provided by County Reinsurance Limited, since January 1, 2004. The Attorney General of New York investigated AIG and Marsh (the broker for CRL acting on behalf of UCIP), for anti-competitive business activities, including bid rigging. Rather than prosecute AIG the AG's office entered into a \$375 million settlement agreement. UCIP may sign the release and receive \$6,501.12, UCIP's portion of the AIG settlement (see attachment #10). Steve White made a motion authorizing Lester Nixon to sign the AIG Settlement and all other necessary release documents. Steve Wall seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Review Report on Workers' Compensation Claims Administration

Lester Nixon provided the Board with a report and cost comparison between workers' compensation third-party administration and bringing claims in-house (see attachment #11). The third-party administration contract, between UCIP and Alternative Service Concepts, was initially written for two-years but was adjusted to continue for one more year. The intention of the Board and staff has always been to bring claims in-house. Challenges of taking claims in-house are the absence of supervision by a senior adjuster and vacation/sick leave backup. Benefits of taking claims in-house are the considerable cost savings and ability of control over the adjusting functions. UCIP can contract for other services if needed and possibly train Korby Siggard to fill-in as a workers' compensation adjuster. Gene Roundy made a motion authorizing Lester Nixon to notify Alternative Service Concepts of the December 31, 2006 contract termination and start the process to bring claims administration in-house.

Set Date and Time for Closed Meeting

Kent Sundberg made a motion to set the date and time for a closed meeting to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation for September 22, 2006 at 1:11 p.m. Gene Roundy seconded the motion, which passed unanimously. Board Members present during the closed meeting are: Dan McConkie, Lynn Lemon, Gene Roundy, Steve Baker, Kay Blackwell, Jim Eardley, Ira Hatch, Kent Sundberg, Steve Wall and Steve White.

Lynn Lemon made a motion to conclude the closed meeting to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation at 1:28 p.m. on September 22, 2006. Kay Blackwell seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Action on Litigation Matters

There were no actions to be taken on litigation matters. Therefore, Kent Sundberg made a motion to strike item 10. Gene Roundy seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Set Date and Time for Closed Meeting

No closed meeting was set to discuss the character, professional competence, physical/mental health of an individual.

Ratification and Approval of Payments and Credit Card Transactions

Gene Roundy reviewed the payments made, payments to be made (see attachment #12) and credit card transactions with the Board. Gene Roundy made a motion to approve the payments made, payments to be made and credit card transactions. Lynn Lemon seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

Other Business

Dan McConkie explained that Denali Health Sciences (DHS), that also leases office space on the same floor as UCIP in the First Community Plaza building, has asked Lester Nixon if UCIP would be willing to move out. DHS has grown, needs more space and is willing to take over UCIP's lease. In March 2007, the Wadsworth Building will be vacated and is currently for sale. Lester and Dan have been looking at this building that is just off 1-15 in Draper. The building has 6,000 square feet, built in 1996 with 35 parking spaces for a sale price of \$1,200,000. The property is just under an acre with high standard construction. There may be a few additional costs to make the conference room larger to accommodate the Board. Ira Hatch made a motion authorizing Lester Nixon to compile all the details to purchase the Wadsworth Building for the Board to review at its October meeting. Steve Baker seconded the motion, which passed unanimously.

The next meeting of the Board of Trustees is scheduled for October 19, 2006, at 2:00 p.m. (place to be determined).

Approved on this _

_ day of

2006

Gene Roundy, UCIP Secretary-Treasure

PERSONNEL ADVISOR

June 2006 Issue 1

Utah Counties Insurance Pool, Serving Counties Since 1992

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Welcome

By: Steve Baker

Welcome to the first edition of UCIP's Personnel (email) Newsletter! This exciting new service is provided to UCIP member counties. Each quarter we'll bring you important and timely information on HR issues facing counties. If you have a topic that you'd like addressed in the newsletter or a question answered, please contact Mark Brady @ucip.utah.gov or

steve@co.davis.ut.us. Your topics and questions may also be of interest to others. The UCIP Personnel Committee will be utilized to provide answers. In addition, we'll use this information to help develop training for counties. Please contact any one of the UCIP Personnel Committee members for assistance (contact information on page 2).



Personnel Workshop

By: Steve Baker

Steve Baker



Issue Highlights

Survey Results

Retaliation

Successful Workshop

At-Will Employment

"Is lying sometimes the right thing for a honest person to do?" Dr. Quinn McKay's lively instruction on integrity was liberating.

The 8th Annual Personnel Workshop was held at Ruby's Inn last month. The theme of the workshop was Special Operations Forces Training. Jim Smith, HR Director of Cache County mustered the troops for Special Ops training on important topics. Michelle Mitchell, Washington County Deputy County Attorney, reviewed the County Personnel Management Act. Gary McKean, Davis County Deputy Attorney, addressed the troops on managing risks and pay issues regarding volunteers. Lana Jensen, Personnel Director of Utah County gave us important information on salary surveys and classification considerations. Jeff Boone, Marketing Director of

PEHP, explained funding levels for health insurance. We had an excellent panel discussion on Wellness. Carrie Mascaro, **Duchesne County** Personnel Director; Brenda Nelson, Public Health Educator for Tooele County; Ashley Nielson, Wellness Coordinator for Davis County; and Chris Ward, Weber County Training Director all participated. Kevin McLeod, Chief Deputy Sheriff for Davis County; and Mark Heath, **Duchesne County** Detective, told us what their counties are requiring of their deputies in the fitness area. Rich Lakin, Disease Investigation & Management Program Manager for the State of Utah, informed us about

concerns regarding the possibility of Avian and Pandemic Influenza. Dr. Quinn McKay lead a lively discussion educating us that lying is sometimes the right thing to do. How liberating! Following are some brief descriptions of the sessions: Utah State Personnel Management Act and Employment Laws: A merit system is required for each county with 200 or more employees. The purpose of a merit system is to provide a high quality public workforce. A Career Service Council may cover all eligible employees or Counties may also have a Deputy Sheriff Merit Commission for peace officers and a Firefighter Merit Commission for firefighters.

Personnel Committee

Paul Barton, Beaver County pbarton@beaver.state.ut.us Peggy Madsen, Box Elder County pmadsen@boxedeldercounty.org Jim Smith, Cache County jim.smith@cachecounty.org Dennis Dooley, Carbon County personnel@co.carbon.ut.us RaNae Wilde, Daggett County rwilde@daggett.state.ut.us Steve Baker, Davis County steve@co.davis.ut.us Carrie Mascaro, Duchesne County cmas@co.duchesne.ut.us Mary Huntington, Emery County huntington@co.emery.ut.us Camille Moore, Garfield County acclerk@mountainwest.net Diana Carroll, Grand County dcarroll@grand.state.ut.us David Yardley, Iron County david@ironcounty.net Mike Seely, Juab County mikes@co.juab.ut.us Karen Glazier, Kane County commiss@kanab.net Brandy Grace, Millard County bgrace@co.millard.ut.us Eileen Nelson, Morgan County enelson@morgan-county.net Valeen Brown, Piute County valeenb@hotmail.com Walter Bird, San Juan County walterbird@sanjuancounty.org llene Roth, Sanpete County datapro@manti.com Steve Wall, Sevier County steve@sevierutah.net Pam Ayala, Tooele County payala@co.tooele.ut.us Joe McKea, Uintah County imckea@co.uintah.ut.us Lana Jensen, Utah County ucadm.lanaj@state.ut.us David Rowley, Wasatch County drowley@co.wasatch.ut.us John Willie, Washington County iohnw@washco.state.ut.us Ryan Torgerson, Wayne County ryan@wco.state.ut.us Brad Dee, Weber County bdee@co.weber.ut.us

Personnel Workshop cont.

Merit rules must establish procedures for grievances, dismissal, demotion, suspension, transfer and discrimination. Michelle also addressed the different responsibilities of the Career Service Council, the County Commission/Council and the Personnel Director. Volunteers—Managing Risks & Pay Issues: A volunteer is a person who donates services without pay or other compensation except for approved expenses actually and reasonably incurred. Counties were encouraged to develop and adopt policies which address approval to the volunteer, acknowledgement of assignment and risks to the volunteer, waiver of liability and a code of conduct. Salary Surveys and Classification Considerations: Federal and state laws regarding pay were reviewed. Of special note are the ADEA, ADA, Title VII, Equal Pay Act and the FLSA. An in-depth discussion on the

FLSA addressed the definition of a work week, compensatory time, travel time, training time, on-call time and exemption tests. Also presented were valuable tips on developing a compensation system, classifying jobs, conducting a salary survey and using data appropriately. Wellness Program Panel: Many exciting program ideas were suggested educating counties on how they can influence the lifestyle choices that employees make. Simple and fun exercises and activities were discussed along with suggestions for healthy nutrition. The use of incentives greatly increases employee participation. Incentives need not be expensive. Fitness Panel: Implementation and structure of fitness programs in Duchesne and Davis Counties were discussed. The benefits of a fitness program are: improved public perception of officers,

reduced sick leave usage, reduced stress, increases in individual and group confidence and increases in self-esteem. A fitness program must validated to be defensible. The use of a consultant is recommended to reduce liability. Fitness programs generally establish standards in the following areas: running, bench press, sit-ups, push-ups, and a vertical jump.

"Every county needs to prepare for a pandemic."

Avian and Pandemic
Influenza. Every county
needs to prepare for a
pandemic. Spending time
preparing will pay-off if a
pandemic occurs. Consult
with health care experts
and communicate with
your employees frequently
so that everybody knows
what to expect. County
health departments are
excellent sources of
information.

If you missed the Workshop and would like a copy of all handout materials, please contact UCIP, 800-339-4070.

PRELIMINARY SURVEY RESULTS

Overall impression of the Workshop: Excellent = 61% Very Good = 39%

Did you like the format/time schedule of the workshop? Yes = 100%

Topics and quality of presentations was determined by our survey to be excellent with guest speaker Dr. Quinn McKay getting top marks for his presentation on integrity.

Where would you like this workshop to be held next year (location, facility)?

The general consensus, so far, is to hold the workshop in Southern Utah. However, one-third of the attendees would like to alternate locations between north and south of the state.

What topics would you like presented/discussed at next year's Workshop?
The most requested topics concern hiring, firing and appraising employees, managing people, responding to grievances, and confrontation.

If you haven't yet participated in UCIP's online survey, access the survey at: http://www.surveymonkey.com/s.asp?u=840432187919

Understanding At-Will Employment

By: Mark Brady

It is well established that Utah is an "at-will" employment state. But what does that mean? And how does it relate to counties as employers? The term "at-will" has long been used to designate an employment principle that allows employers to separate employees from employment at the employer's discretion—with or without cause. As late as 2004, the Utah Supreme Court reiterated the at-will nature of the employment relationship in Hansen v.

America Online Inc. The Court said that: "Utah's employment law presumes that all employment relationships entered into for an indefinite period of time are at-will, where the employer or the employee may terminate the employment for any reason (or no reason) except where prohibited by law." Hansen v. America Online, Inc., 96 P.3d 950, 952 (Utah 2004). The Utah Supreme Court in Hansen states that the presumption of at-will employment may only be

overcome by showing that: (1) there is an implied or express agreement that the employment may be terminated only for cause or upon satisfaction of [some] agreed-upon condition; (2) a statute or regulation restricts the right of an employer to terminate an employee under certain conditions; or (3) the termination of employment constitutes a violation of a clear and substantial public policy. <u>Id.</u>, 952, (cite omitted.) Federal courts will not



Court Clarifies Definition of Retaliation

By: Mark Brady

Last week the United States Supreme Court set out a new standard for determining whether workplace retaliation has occurred. In deciding Burlington v. White, 548 U.S. (2006), the Court considered whether retaliatory actions had to be employment or workplace related and how harmful the action must be to constitute retaliation.

Facts of the Case White was employed by Burlington. Her primary duties involved driving a forklift which was considered substantially more prestigious than her other duties and the general duties of her coworkers which were considered more labor intensive and dirtier. At one point, White complained about treatment she received from her supervisor and alleging sexual harassment. An investigation supported her allegations and the supervisor was disciplined. At the same time that White was told of the discipline of the supervisor, she was also removed from forklift duty. She was told that, in fairness, the job

should go to a more senior man. White subsequently filed a complaint with the EEOC alleging genderbased discrimination and retaliation for her earlier complaint. Sometime later, White made a further allegation that the employer was monitoring her daily activities, singling her out in retaliation. A few days later, White disagreed with her immediate supervisor about the use of truck for transportation. The supervisor reported that White had been insubordinate. White was immediately suspended

without pay. White was suspended from early December, for a period of 37 days. An investigation determined that White had not been insubordinate. She was awarded back pay. She subsequently filed a further retaliation claim. White exhausted administrative remedies and filed an action in federal court where she prevailed. On appeal the judgment of the court was eventually affirmed.

What Supreme Court Did
The Supreme Court upheld
the finding of the trial court

Burlington Appealed to the

Supreme Court

and went on to explain its decision. First: The language regarding retaliation is very broad and is not limited to the terms and conditions of employment. The purpose of the anti-retaliation statute is to prevent an employer from interfering with an employee's abilities to attempt to secure his or her workplace rights. (The Court, strictly speaking, need not have addressed this issue in this case. But it does resolve a split among the various Courts of Appeal). Second: The antiretaliation language only covers those acts by the employer which "well might have dissuaded a reasonable worker from making or supporting a charge of discrimination." Such acts must be "materially adverse,"-not merely trivial harms. Third: The Court found that the harms complained of in this case were sufficiently severe to support the jury's verdict in favor of White. The behavior of the Burlington was clearly retaliatory. The work assignment change involved more arduous and dirtier work—thus a substantial change in

working conditions. And while White was eventually compensated for the suspension without pay, most reasonable employees would find a month without pay a serious hardship, particularly over the Christmas season. An indefinite suspension as was applied here could well act as a deterrent to the filing of a discrimination complaint.

Tips for Employers
1. Always exercise caution when disciplining employees who have made a recent claim of illegal harassment. It is best to get legal advice before changing the working conditions, demoting, terminating or suspending employees in such circumstances.

- 2. Never retaliate against an employee for making a harassment complaint, whether in or out of the workplace. It does not matter what you think of the credibility of the complaint. Retaliation is strictly forbidden.
- Train supervisors to avoid the potential traps associated with harassment and retaliation.

At-Will Employment cont.

disturb the at-will nature of the employment relationship unless there is a showing that the employee had a legitimate property interest in continued employment. See Snyder v. City of Moab, 354 F.3d 1182 (10th Cir., 2003). It may be difficult for the employee to demonstrate that he or she has a property interest. The 10th Circuit Court of Appeals stated that "Property interests are not created by the constitution, but arise from independent sources such as state statutes, local ordinances, established rules, or mutually explicit understandings." Snyder, at 1189. The above notwithstanding, it goes without saying that even though an employee is atwill, the employer may not terminate her or him for reasons that violate federal discrimination laws. These include employment decisions based on gender, race, religion, color, national origin, age, marital status, political affiliation, or disability. It is imperative that our counties understand the circumstances under which the courts will find that the at-will presumption does not apply in a given case. The various exceptions to at-will employment status are discussed below.

Statutory Regulation

Many of our counties are required to implement a merit system pursuant to the County Personnel Management Act, Utah Code Section17-33-1 et seq. (CPMA). The CPMA directs counties with 200 or more employees to implement a career service system based upon merit principles. Merit principles include the "retention of employees on the basis of the adequacy of their performance..."Utah Code Section 17-33-3 (4). While no court has made a dispositive determination, it appears that merit systems implemented under the CPMA would overcome the at-will employment presumption. The 10th Circuit Court has said that similar provisions make Utah State career service employees "essentially tenured public employees who maintain a statutory property interest in their position and consequently may not be terminated without cause." Morgan v. Lane, 365 F.3d 884 (10 Circ. 2004). For our counties, this means that those employees designated as "career service" could only be terminated from employment for cause or for some other legitimate business reason. And in order to determine whether appropriate reasons for termination were used, the employee would be entitled to due process. Of course, just because there is a merit system in place, does not mean that all county employees are subject to it. Generally, employees that are exempt from career service, will not be entitled to the due process requirements imposed by the merit system. These include seasonal, temporary, and part time employees (see <u>Utah Code</u> Section 17-33-8). It is important to construct county personnel policies and procedures in such a way as to maintain the atwill status for non-career service employees. Therefore, it is advisable to put disclaimers in the policies that indicate that the county policies do not alter the at-will employment status of any county officer unless otherwise indicated in the policies. Those counties not obligated to implement a

merit system should be sure to include a provision in the policies indicating that the at-will nature of the employment relationship is not intended to be compromised by the policies and procedures.

Contractual Obligation

Along with statutory regulation, the at-will employment status may be impaired by contractual provisions that give the employee due process rights. Unfortunately, such contractual provisions may be implied by the reviewing courts when they review the personnel policies. In West v. Grand County, the 10th circuit determined that an employee was entitled to due process rights because they were granted by the county's personnel policies. Essentially, the court held that there was a contract between Grand County and West that provided her the rights, even though under the County Personnel Management Act, she would have been classified exempt (see West v. Grand County, 967 F,2d 362 10th Cir. 1992). In order to protect the county from such implied contracts, the county personnel policies need to clearly delineate what positions are exempt from merit or career service provisions. Furthermore, policies and procedures ought to include a disclaimer which provides that the policies are not to be construed as a contract.

Public Policy Exception

The final exception to at-will employment involves the termination of the employment when such would violate a clear and substantial public policy. The Utah Supreme Court has identified four categories of possible public policyexceptions: (i)

refusing to commit an illegal or wrongful act, such as refusing to violate the antitrust laws; (ii) performing a public obligation, such as accepting jury duty; (iii) exercising a legal right or privilege, such as filing a workers' compensation claim; or (iv) reporting to a public authority criminal activity of the employer. Hansen, at 952 (cite omitted). The majority of state cases involving exceptions to at-will employment status involve questions of public policy violations. In order to avoid the implication of public policy violations, County officials need to be educated and sensitive concerning the exercise of employee rights and obligations. For a discussion of the public policy exception, see Rackley v. Fairview Care <u>Centers, Inc.</u>, 23 P.3d 1022 (Utah 2001).

Conclusions

What should County Human Resource directors do²

- 1. Thoroughly examine your policies. Have you clearly identified who is and who is not a career service or merit status employee?
- 2. Include a provision in your policies which retains at-will status for all non-career service or non-merit status employees.
- 3. Include a disclaimer indicating that no contract is intended or created by the personnel policies and procedures.
- 4. Provide training for elected officials and department heads which identifies rights and obligations of employees that may implicate public policy issues in disciplinary situations. Training could be provided by your county attorney. Training is also available through UCIP.





LAW ENFORCEMENT RISK

SEPTEMBER 19, 2006

VOLUME 1, NUMBER 1

Welcome

Welcome to the inaugural issue of the UCIP Law Enforcement Liability Newsletter. This newsletter will provide updates on legal and safety issues related to law enforcement activities. In addition, the newsletter will focus on training topics that, if utilized, will help each Sheriff's office obtain some of the training required to get credit under the Risk Management Program. We hope that this newsletter will be a tool that we can all take advantage.

We also hope that you will assist us with this useful tool by giving us feedback on topics and other things you would like to see in a publication such as this. How can we help you meet your needs and provide practical advice that will be beneficial to you and your deputies? If you have suggestions or concerns, then please address them to Mark Brady at: mbrady@ucip.utah.gov or Sheriff James Nyland at jdnyland@grand.state.ut.us. We look forward to hearing from you.

Warrantless Entry

The theme of this inaugural issue is the Fourth Amendment. Specifically we will address the issue of warrantless entries into dwellings. Two new Supreme Court cases deal with this issue. The *Georgia v. Randolph* case decided in March, discusses the consensual search of a dwelling. The *Brigham City v. Stuart* case deals with exigent circumstances.

Exigent Circumstances

In a unanimous decision, the Supreme Court of the United States ruled last month that police officers could enter a dwelling without a warrant after witnessing a physical altercation between several adults and one juvenile. *Brigham City, Utah v. Stuart et al.*, 547 U.S. _____ (2006).

Facts of the Case

Police responded to a 3 a.m. call regarding a loud party. Upon arriving at the scene, the officers could hear noise (thumping, crashing, shouting) coming from the back of thee house. There was no one in the front of the house. The officers went around to the back and witnessed two juveniles drinking beer in the backyard. They could see that a fight was occurring within the house. As they came to the door, they could see a physical altercation occurring within the home as 4 adults were attempting to restrain a single juvenile. The juvenile struck an adult. The adult spat blood into a sink. The adults then pushed the juvenile up against the refrigerator with enough force to move the refrigerator from its location. At this point, an officer opened the screen door and announced the presence of law enforcement officers. He then entered the house and called out again. The altercation then gradually ceased. The officers arrested the defendants for contributing to the delinquency of a minor and related offenses.

The trial court determined that the entry was in violation of the fourth amendment and suppressed evidence obtained from the entry. The suppression was affirmed by the Court of Appeals and the Utah Supreme Court.



Grand County Sheriff

UCIP Law Enforcement Committee Chair

UCIP Board Trustee

Calendar

Sept. 25-27 Sheriffs' Assn. Annual Conference Dixie Center St. George

Sept. 27 Law Enforcement Committee Dixie Center St. George

Decision of the Court

The U.S. Supreme Court found that the entry into the home in this case was objectively reasonable under the exigent circumstances doctrine. Police may enter a home without a warrant when they have an objectively reasonable basis for believing that an occupant is seriously injured or imminently threatened with such injury.

The decision does not depend on the officers' subjective motivation in entering. The only criterion in assessing whether there were exigent circumstances is what could be reasonably assessed from the events witnessed. The events in this case give rise to a reasonable belief that the injured adult might need help and that the fight was only escalating. The Fourth Amendment does not require that the officers wait until someone is knocked out or semi-conscious before electing to intervene. The manner of approach was also reasonable. Knocking before entry would have done no good. And the officers took reasonable steps to ensure that they could get someone's attention and stop the altercation.

Training Suggestions

This decision is great news for Utah law enforcement. Officers should be trained to objectively assess the need for intervention. This is not to suggest that a lengthy contemplative analysis needs to be done. Clearly, a continuing physical altercation generally is enough to invoke application of the doctrine. The key element is one of continuing exigency.

Right now would be a great time to review with our law enforcement officers the conditions under which warrantless entry is permissible. Some other examples of exigent circumstances permitting warrantless entry include: assisting persons who are seriously injured or threatened with such injury, fighting a fire and investigating its cause, hot pursuit of a fleeing suspect, protection against domestic violence, or prevention of imminent destruction of evidence.

The Brigham City decision refers to another important case. In Mincey v. Arizona, 437 U.S. 385 (1978), law enforcement officers asserted that exigent circumstances included the investigation of a homicide. The State contended that no warrant was required to search the suspect's residence when the residence was the scene of the crime. But the Supreme Court held in that case that the warrantless search was not permissible. There was no ongoing emergency and the officers were able to articulate no other justification than the seriousness of the crime (murder). While a brief inspection may have been necessary to secure the scene and look for other victims, an evidentiary investigation without a warrant was impermissible and a violation of the Fourth Amendment.

Cotenant's Consent To Enter A Dwelling

When the owner of property gives consent to enter and search their own dwelling, generally the search will be valid. However, the United States Supreme Court recently modified its approach to this potentially thorny issue. In a 5-3 decision (one justice abstaining), the court held that a physically present co-occupant's refusal to a search may not be overcome by obtaining consent from the other occupant. Georgia v. Randolph, 547 U.S. _____(2006).

Facts of the Case

While previously separated, Scott and Janet Randolph had reconciled and they were residing together in July 2001. On July 6th, Janet contacted police, complaining that Scott had taken their son away. When the officers arrived, Janet informed them that Scott was a drug user. Scott returned to the residence and the child was retrieved. Janet renewed her accusation that Scott was a drug user and indicated that paraphernalia was in the house.

Continued page 3

Law Enforcement Committee Members

Jim Nyland, Chair Grand County

James Cordova Carbon County

Bud Cox Davis County

Leon Jensen Box Elder County

> Alden Orme Juab County

Brad Slater Weber County

Kirk Smith Washington County Scott refused to allow officers to enter. Janet, on the other hand, gave officers permission to search the home. She took officers upstairs to a room she indicated was Scott's. The officers found some paraphernalia but, on advice of counsel, terminated their search until a warrant could be obtained. A search under warrant yielded more evidence.

Motion to suppress evidence of the original search and the subsequent search under warrant was denied by the trial court. On appeal, the Georgia Supreme Court reversed, holding that the direct refusal of a party present at the scene could not be overcome by the consent of a co-occupant.

The Decision of the Court

The U.S. Supreme Court determined that, while it was customary and expected that one co-occupant could give consent in the absence of the other, in this case the other occupant was actually present. Because he was present and objecting, the police should have deferred to his objection to their entry. Disputed permission cannot overcome the privacy interests sought to be protected by the Fourth Amendment.

The court held that, in such cases, a cotenant can give information regarding illegal activity to police in order for the police to obtain a warrant.

The court further distinguished this case from two earlier decisions *Illinois v. Rodriguez*, 497 U. S. 177 (1990); *United States v. Matlock*, 415 U. S. 164 (1974). In *Matlock*, the defendant was arrested and put in a squad car outside his residence. The police then went to the door of the defendant's property and got consent from the cotenant, a woman with whom the defendant lived. The Court held that the cotenant could give consent to the search even though the defendant was present and could have been asked to consent. He was not asked and did not refuse.

In *Rodriquez*, the police asked for and were given consent to search a dwelling from one cotenant while the other tenant was asleep in bed in the house. The Court held that a search was proper in that case despite the fact that the cotenant was asleep in bed and could have been asked to consent.

The Court distinguishes *Randolph* by contrasting Randolph's being actually at the door and objecting as opposed to a cotenant who is in a patrol car away from the door or in bed inside the dwelling. There is no requirement to request consent from the suspect in custody or the cotenant in bed if there is another cotenant available. Apparently, the only situation this applies to is when one of the cotenants is *present and objecting*.

Recommendations for Training

It is always important to train deputies as soon as possible after cases come out that restrict or narrow previous cases in order to avoid possible civil rights violations and subsequent suits under Section 1983. It would be advisable therefore to train deputies to stop and seek legal advice before proceeding on a warrantless search when one cotenant gives permission to search and the other withholds permission. Deputies should be clear about what constitutes a refusal of entry and what constitutes consent. Deputies should also exercise extreme caution when one cotenant gives permission and the other cotenant is in the vicinity. The good news is that law enforcement is not required to specifically ask more than one cotenant for permission—even when both are available.

Besides training, sheriff's offices should review their policies, both written and informal, regarding consensual searches of dwellings. If current policies and procedures could be read as being in conflict with *Randolph*, then they should be revised.

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CEO REPORT

Report Date: September 22, 2006

Period covered by report: from August 22, 2006 to September 22, 2006

BOARD INFORMATION ITEMS

1. The Annual Membership Meeting is November 30, 2006 at Thanksgiving Point. Make sure you get this on your calendars as UCIP will be honoring five retiring Trustees this year, plus celebrating UCIP's 15th Anniversary.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

1. Litigation Management Committee met on August 23 in Cedar City.

MARKETING

1. CEO and Benefits Specialist met with Morgan County regarding the health plan. I think we had a good meeting and we will be following up with a Council meeting on October 3.

CRL

- 1. You have received CRL's Annual report.
- 2. I will be attending the CRL Annual Membership Meeting on September 28-29. By then we should know if they will have a Property program available for UCIP in 2007.

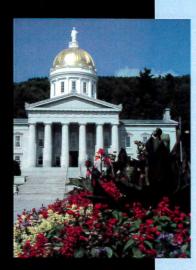
MISCELLANEOUS

1. I have been contacted by the Insurance Services Office (ISO) 2 or 3 times over the last 18 months. Their representatives want UCIP to purchase the right to use their forms. The approximate annual cost is \$10,000. We do not need their forms with our small customer base and homogeneous group. Last week they called again and almost demanded that we buy their forms because we have included ISO forms in our coverage agreement. I assured them we have not and they requested a copy of our coverage agreement which I gave them.



ANNUAL REPORT 2005

COUNTY REINSURANCE, LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT 2005



Vermont state capitol building in Montpelier.

ABOUT COUNTY REINSURANCE, LIMITED

County Reinsurance, Limited (CRL) is a member-owned reinsurance company. The company was formed in 1997 by county associations that operated their own self-insured pools. The National Association of Counties (NACo) and state association executives played a critical role in the formation of the company.

CRL is organized as a captive insurance company in the state of Vermont. The company's legal structure as a mutual insurance company means that the members of the company own the company. In addition, CRL is organized as a non-profit company, and is exempt from state and federal income taxes. All CRL members are also organized as non-profit companies.

CRL provides property, liability, and workers' compensation reinsurance to its members. As a reinsurance company, CRL does not provide direct coverage or state approved "admitted" policies. In several instances CRL enters into reinsurance agreements with a state-approved insurance company to meet state regulatory requirements for an "admitted" company. In those instances, CRL Members receive a policy from an insurance company admitted to do business in their particular state, and CRL reinsures that state-approved insurance company.

CRL maintains an administrative office in Clemmons, North Carolina. Questions about CRL may be directed to Philip E. Bell, Executive Director at (336) 766-3930.

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LETTER TO MEMBERS

Dear Members:

We are pleased to present County Reinsurance, Limited's (CRL's) second Annual Report.

Here are the major highlights of 2005:

- We welcomed the Kansas County Association Multiline Pool (KCAMP) effective January 1, 2005. KCAMP offers liability and property coverage to eligible counties in Kansas.
- Net Premiums Earned increased from \$13,188,000 to \$14,812,000, a 12% increase. CRL members continue to see organic premium growth, which in turn adds premium to CRL.
- The company produced \$529,000 in Operating Income and \$3,294,000 in Net Income.
- The company's investment portfolio was ahead of its benchmarks for the year, and provided \$2,765,000 toward Net Income.
- Member equity for the company increased from \$12,289,000 to \$15,213,000, a 24% increase. The Average Annual Return on Equity for members was in excess of 20%.

We are proud to present your company's Annual Report. Please let us know if you have any comments or questions.

Ron Lethgo

Chairman of the Board

Philip E. Bell Executive Director

Philip E. Bell









State capitol building in Nashville, Tennessee.



State capitol building in Lincoln, Nebraska.





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

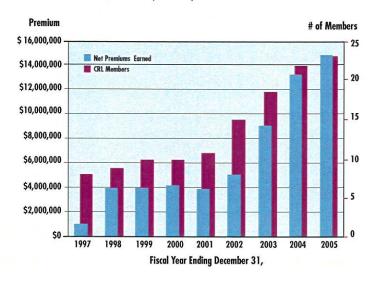
Underwriting Results

County Reinsurance, Limited's (CRL's) Gross Premiums Earned increased from \$17,429,000 to \$17,470,000, a .02% increase. CRL did not renew its property reinsurance business that was 100% ceded to Discover Re. This change accounted for the flat Gross Premiums Earned compared to last year. Net Premiums Earned increased from \$13,188,000 to \$14,812,000, a 12% increase. Most of our members experienced organic growth within their respective pools, which in turn added premiums to CRL. However, several members opted for a higher self-insured retention this year. The timing of these changes will put pressure on premium growth next year. (Chart 1)

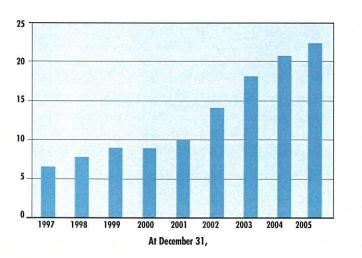
The company enjoyed an Underwriting Gain (Operating Income) of \$529,000 for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005. On July 1, 2002 the company adopted a new pricing model. The Underwriting Committee and Board of Directors thoroughly reviews and modifies the model every year during the first quarter. We know that the inherent volatility in this business means that we will not enjoy underwriting gains every year. But it is gratifying to see success in our underwriting when so many companies have difficulty with this fundamental part of the reinsurance business. (Chart 2)

CRL continues to audit the claim operations of its members. The purpose of these audits is to assure quality claims management by the members of CRL, with a focus on key issues of importance to CRL. We take an especially close look at claim reserves during these audits, with a goal of identifying our large claims as early as possible. We view these claim audits as an essential part of the underwriting process. Since loss history makes up a large portion of the company's pricing approach, we know that we will not price correctly if the claim reserves are incorrect. (Chart 3)

CRL Member and Net Premium Growth (Chart 1)



CRL Members (Chart 2)



Nine Year Comparison of Results (Chart 3)

Years Ending December 31,	1997		1998		1999		2000	2001	2002		2003		2004		2005
Net Premiums Earned	\$ 995,773	\$:	3,918,954	\$:	3,944,881	\$	4,146,792	\$ 3,853,446	\$ 5,029,130	\$	9,019,816	5	13,187,947	\$	14,812,328
Operating Income	\$ (17,948)	\$	(87,302)	\$	77,561	\$	(477,331)	\$ (938,214)	\$ (1,716,469)	5	(362,852)	\$	1,515,615	\$	528,587
Net Investment Income	\$ 61,213	\$	242,025	\$	437,167	S	666,527	\$ 717,866	\$ (650,030)	\$	888,492	S	2,271,794	\$	2,765,084
Net Income	\$ 43,265	\$	154,723	5	514,728	5	189,196	\$ (220,348)	\$ (2,366,499)	\$	525,640	5	3,787,409	S	3,293,671

At December 31,	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total Assets	\$ 6,260,045	\$ 13,414,829	\$ 19,859,637	\$ 21,370,035	\$ 23,101,292	\$ 31,145,589	\$ 44,442,266	\$ 58,421,265	\$ 70,943,760
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,887,274	\$ 11,295,521	\$ 17,085,357	\$ 18,070,335	\$ 20,001,094	\$ 29,530,000	\$ 37,851,840	\$ 46,131,914	\$ 55,730,576
Total Member Equity	\$ 1,372,771	\$ 2,119,308	\$ 2,774,280	\$ 3,299,700	\$ 3,100,198	\$ 1,615,589	\$ 6,590,426	\$ 12,289,351	\$ 15,213,184
CRL Members	8	9	10	10	11	15	19	22	23

3



Dome of the state capital building in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.





State capitol building in Montgomery, Alabama.



North Carolina state capitol building in Raleigh.





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Investment Results

CRL's investment portfolio generated a total return of 3.37% for the year. A composite return based on 70% of the portfolio in the Lehman Brothers Intermediate Government / Credit Index and 30% of the portfolio in the S&P 500 Index would have produced a return of 2.63%.

CRL's equity portfolio produced a total return of 7.2%, which compared favorably with the S&P 500 Index return of 4.89%. CRL's fixed income portfolio produced a total return of 1.36%, which was slightly below the Lehman Brothers Intermediate Government/Credit Index return of 1.57%. Our fixed income manager has taken a defensive position regarding rising interest rates, and that position accounted for the under performance. However, the decision to move funds from our fixed income portfolio to alternative investments two years ago has continued to produce results. The company's alternative investments produced returns of 6.26% for the year without increasing the overall portfolio's risk characteristics. (Chart 4)

Investment income adds a margin of safety to CRL's operations because the company's pricing approach does not assume any investment income. As CRL's Assets continue to grow, the cushion provided by investment income should also continue to grow, thereby improving the company's equity / surplus position, and allowing the consideration of a payment of dividends at some point in the future. (Chart 5)

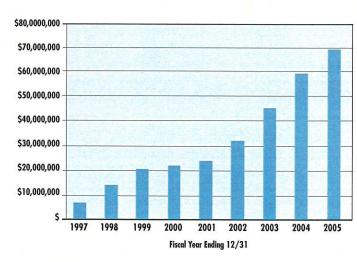
Net Income

CRL's Net Income for the year ending 12/31/05 was \$3,294,000. This is \$493,000 less than the \$3,787,000 recorded for the year ending 12/31/04, but nevertheless an excellent year. Net Income for the year included Operating Income of \$529,000 and Total Investment Income of \$2,765,000.

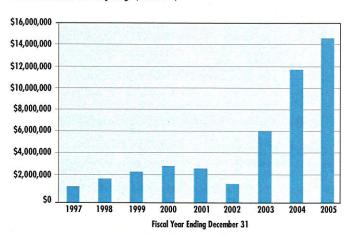
CRL Total Investment Return (Chart 4)

	Total	Equities	Fixed Income	Alternatives
1998	4.59%	0.36%	5.02%	N/A
1999	4.46%	16.10%	0.19%	N/A
2000	7.36%	-0.86%	10.10%	N/A
2001	4.92%	-11.46%	10.06%	N/A
2002	-3.22%	-27.62%	5.12%	N/A
2003	11.74%	36.43%	4.70%	N/A
2004	5.67%	13.81%	3.07%	4.14%
2005	3.37%	7.20%	1.36%	6.26%

Total CRL Assets (Chart 5)



CRL Member Equity (Chart 6)



Contributed Capital

CRL receives contributed capital from two primary sources. First, the company requires a minimum ratio of capital to premium for each member. New members are required to contribute this capital upon joining the company, as a condition of membership. Current members may be required to contribute additional capital if a member's capital drops below minimum ratios. This requirement helps maintain CRL's surplus at acceptable levels, but also gives an ownership incentive to the members of the company. Second, the company may periodically receive capital contributed by members to its Special Surplus Fund. Required contributions to the Special Surplus Fund are established by the Board of Directors. Effective July 1, 2005, the company discontinued the requirement to make contributions to the Special Surplus Fund.

Members' Equity

Members' Equity increased from \$12,289,000 to \$15,213,000. This improvement came from member capital contributions of \$296,000, Special Surplus Fund contributions of \$99,000, Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income of (\$765,000), and Retained Earnings of \$3,294,000. The Average Annual Return on Members' Equity was 20% for the year. (Chart 6)



Dome of the state capital building in Phoenix,

Arizona.





Capitol building in Topeka, Kansas.



State capitol front facade in Little Rock, Arkansas.



State capitol building in Carson City, Nevada.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Reinsurance

CRL offers property, liability, and workers' compensation reinsurance to its members. The company has partnerships with additional reinsurance companies to add stability and capacity to its overall program. The company retrocedes 100% of premiums and losses for the property business to Discover Reinsurance Company, a subsidiary of St. Paul Travelers. Discover Reinsurance Company has an A.M. Best rating of A- (Excellent).

The company currently retains liability business between a member's self-insured retention and \$2,000,000. The company has a partnership with C.V. Starr & Co. for the liability business, and retrocedes premiums and claims for losses above this amount to the Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, a member of the American International Group, Inc. The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania has an A.M. Best rating of A+ (Superior).

CRL has a partnership with Safety National Casualty Corporation (SNCC) for its workers' compensation business. The company currently retains workers' compensation business between the member's self-insured retention and \$2,500,000. SNCC provides the remaining statutory limits for the program. In those states that require an admitted company, SNCC issues a policy directly to the CRL member, and CRL reinsures SNCC for its portion of the premium and losses. SNCC has an A.M. Best rating of A (Excellent).

MEMBERS OF COUNTY REINSURANCE, LIMITED

- Arizona Counties Insurance Pool, represented by William Hardy
- Association County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency, represented by David Paulk
- Association County Commissioners of Georgia Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, represented by David Paulk
- Association of County Commissions of Alabama Liability Self-Insurance Fund, represented by O. H. "Buddy" Sharpless
- Association of County Commissions of Alabama Workers' Compensation Self-Insurers Fund, represented by O. H. "Buddy" Sharpless
- Association of Arkansas Counties Workers'
 Compensation Trust,
 represented by Brenda Pruitt
- Kansas County Association Multiline Pool, represented by Tom Job
- Kentucky Association of Counties Workers'
 Compensation Fund,
 represented by Joseph Greathouse
- Local Government Property and Casualty Fund, represented by Robert Wormsley
- Local Government Workers' Compensation Fund, represented by Robert Wormsley
- Missouri Association of Counties Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Fund, represented by Rodney Miller
- Nebraska Intergovernmental Risk Management Association, represented by Craig Nelson

- Nebraska Intergovernmental Risk Management Association II, represented by Craig Nelson
- New Mexico Counties' Workers' Compensation Fund, represented by Ron Lethgo
- New Mexico County Insurance Authority Multi-Line Pool, represented by Ron Lethgo
- New Mexico County Insurance Authority Law Enforcement Pool, represented by Ron Lethgo
- Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool, represented by Wayne Carlson
- North Carolina Association of County Commissioners Joint Risk Management Agency Workers' Compensation Fund, represented by David Thompson
- North Carolina Association of Counties Liability and Property Insurance Pool Fund, represented by David Thompson
- Pennsylvania Counties Risk Pool, represented by John Sallade
- Texas Association of Counties Workers'
 Compensation Self-Insurance Fund,
 represented by Jim Jean
- Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool, represented by Jim Jean
- Utah Counties Insurance Pool, represented by Lester Nixon

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS OF COUNTY REINSURANCE, LIMITED

- Mr. Ron Lethgo, Chairman New Mexico County Insurance Authority
- Mr. Jim Jean, Vice Chairman Texas Association of Counties
- Mr. David Paulk, Secretary
 Association County Commissioners of Georgia
- Mr. Rodney Miller, Treasurer
 Missouri Association of Counties
- Mr. Andy Sargeant, Assistant Treasurer USA Risk Group of Vermont, Inc., (Resident Vermont Director)

- Mr. David Thompson North Carolina Association of Counties
- Mr. Craig Nelson Nebraska Intergovernmental Risk Management Association
- Mr. John Sallade Pennsylvania Counties Risk Pool
- Mr. Buddy Sharpless
 Association of County Commissions of Alabama
- Mr. Philip E. Bell, Executive Director County Reinsurance, Limited



Georgia state capital building in Atlanta.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF COUNTY REINSURANCE, LIMITED

Claims Committee

Investment Committee

Mr. David Paulk, Chairman

Mr. Andy Sargeant, Chairman

Ms. Susan Klakoff

Mr. Wayne Carlson

Mr. Craig Nelson Mr. John Sallade

Mr. Rodney Miller

Mr. Tom Job

Mr. Bob Wormsley



State capitol building in Salt Lake City, Utah.

Underwriting Committee

Audit Committee

Mr. Rodney Miller, Chairman

Mr. Ron Lethgo, Chairman

Mr. Joe Greathouse

Mr. Jim Jean

Mr. Jim Jean

Mr. Rodney Miller

Mr. Ron Lethgo

Mr. Craig Nelson

Mr. David Thompson

Mr. Lester Nixon



Front of the New Mexico state capitol building in Santa Fe.

SERVICE PROVIDERS OF COUNTY REINSURANCE, LIMITED

Brokerage and Risk Management Services Marsh USA, Inc.

Captive Management and Accounting USA Risk Group of Vermont, Inc.

Claims Management Services

Alternative Service Concepts, LLC Professional Claims Managers, Inc.

Consulting Actuary

By the Numbers Actuarial Consulting, Inc.

Financial Auditor

Johnson Lambert & Company

Legal Counsel

Morris, Manning & Martin LLP Primmer and Piper, P.C.

Investment Advisor

Citigroup Institutional Consulting

COUNTY REINSURANCE, LIMITED AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 with Report of Independent Auditors

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Statement of Changes in Members' Contributions and Surplus	4
Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-18

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Directors County Reinsurance, Limited

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of County Reinsurance, Limited ("the Company") as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the related statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in members' contributions and surplus, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes the consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Reinsurance, Limited at December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Johnson Laurent Co.

Burlington, Vermont March 23, 2006

WWW.JLCO.COM

ONE LAWSON LANE, P.O. BOX 525, BURLINGTON, VT 05402

PHONE: 802-862-2640 • FAX: 802-862-4837

Statement of Changes in Members' Contributions and Surplus

For the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

	2 0	Members' Contributions	Ace	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Re	Retained Earnings	Total Contrib Su	Total Members' Contributions and Surplus	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2004	8	5,646,273	↔	2,103,448 \$ (1,159,295) \$	\$ (1	,159,295)		6,590,426	
Proceeds from members' contributions		1,961,320		ì		ĩ		1,961,320	
Other comprehensive loss		ı		(49,804)		Ĩ		(49,804)	
Net income		1		-		3,787,409		3,787,409	
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2004		7,607,593		2,053,644	(1	2,628,114	1	12,289,351	
Proceeds from members' contributions		395,606		1		ï		395,606	
Other comprehensive loss		1		(765,444)		ř		(765,444)	
Net income		1		-		3,293,671		3,293,671	
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2005	S	8,003,199	↔	1,288,200 \$		5,921,785		15,213,184	

e accompanying notes to the financial stateme

County Reinsurance, Limited

Statements of Cash Flows

		Year ended D 2005	ece	ember 31, 2004
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Net income	\$	3,293,671	\$	3,787,409
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash				
Amortization of bond discount		395,292		213,158
Net realized gains on investments		(954,092)		(1,176,320)
Depreciation		1,803		560
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Premiums receivable		386		3,813
Due to broker		(4,757)		(38,061)
Ceded reinsurance balances payable		<u>-</u>		454,000
Reinsurance recoverable - unpaid losses		639,909		659,713
Deferred policy acquisition costs		3,161		(3,824)
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		1,154,746		259,218
Other assets		(391,909)		(20,580)
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		9,475,510		7,389,438
Unearned premiums		(1,476,772)		730,100
Advance premiums		1,656,591		
Ceded reinsurance balance payable		15,995		13,195
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		11,176		119,003
Premium taxes payable		(2,105)		579
Deferred ceding commission income		(81,733)		27,760
2				
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	13,736,872	_	12,419,161
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Cost of investments acquired		(30,957,116)		(36,123,230)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		17,109,147		20,480,158
Cost of fixed assets purchased	_	(716)	_	(4,969)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(13,848,685)	_	(15,648,041)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Proceeds from members' contributions	8	395,606		1,961,320
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		283,793		(1,267,560)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		3,148,688	-	4,416,248
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	3,432,481	\$	3,148,688

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note A - Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

County Reinsurance, Limited (CRL) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Vermont on June 20, 1997 and was issued a Certificate of Authority permitting it to transact the business of an industrial insured captive insurance company by the State of Vermont Department of Banking, Insurance, Securities and Health Care Administration (the Department) on June 24, 1997. CRL commenced operations on July 1, 1997. CRL assumes various casualty coverages from twenty-three and twenty-two public entity pools at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. These public entity pools provide direct coverages to approximately 2,550 policyholders (2,500 in 2004) located in Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas and Utah at December 31, 2005. As of December 31, 2005 and 2004, premiums from the three largest pools represent approximately 39% and 44% of gross written premiums, respectively.

Basis of Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Recognition of Premium Revenue

Premiums assumed are earned ratably over the terms of the policies to which they relate. Premiums assumed relating to the unexpired portion of policies in force at the balance sheet date are recorded as unearned premiums. Premiums ceded pursuant to reinsurance agreements are expensed over the terms of the underlying policies to which they relate and are netted against earned premiums. Ceded premiums relating to the unexpired portion of underlying policies are recorded as prepaid reinsurance premiums.

Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses reported in the financial statements includes case basis estimates of reported losses, plus supplemental amounts for projected incurred but not reported losses (IBNR) calculated based upon loss projections utilizing actuarial studies of the members' own historical loss data for periods prior to and subsequent to the creation of CRL and industry data. In establishing its liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses, CRL utilizes the findings of an independent consulting actuary. Management believes that its aggregate liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses at year end represents its best estimate, based upon the available data, of the amount necessary to cover the ultimate cost of losses; however, because of uncertainty associated with the limited population of insured risks, economic conditions, judicial decisions, legislation and others

County Reinsurance, Limited

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note A - Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

reasons, actual loss experience may not conform to the assumptions used in determining the estimated amounts for such liability at the balance sheet date. Accordingly, the ultimate liability could be significantly in excess of or less than the amount indicated in the financial statements. As adjustments to these estimates become necessary, such adjustments are reflected in current operations.

Reinsurance Recoverable - Unpaid Losses

Reinsurance recoverable is comprised of estimated amounts of losses and loss adjustment expenses unpaid which are expected to be recoverable from reinsurers pursuant to reinsurance agreements. Such amounts have been estimated using actuarial assumptions consistent with those used to estimate the related liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses. Management believes that the reinsurance recoverable as recorded represents its best estimate of such amounts; however, as changes in the estimated ultimate liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses are determined, the estimated ultimate amount receivable from reinsurers will also change. Accordingly, the ultimate receivable could be significantly in excess of or less than the amount indicated in the financial statements. As adjustments to these estimates become necessary, such adjustments are reflected in current operations.

CRL relies on facultative reinsurance agreements to limit its insurance risk as described further in Note B. In the event that any or all of the reinsuring companies are unable to meet their obligations under existing reinsurance agreements, CRL would be liable for such defaulted amounts. In preparing financial statements, management makes estimates of the amounts recoverable from reinsurers, which includes consideration of amounts, if any, estimated to be uncollectible based on assessment of factors including management's assessment of the creditworthiness of the reinsurers. Management evaluated the creditworthiness of its reinsurers and determined that no specific valuation allowance was required at December 31, 2005 and 2004.

Commission Income

Commission income on business ceded to reinsurers and on excess workers' compensation business placed directly by the policyholders through reinsurers are deferred and earned over the terms of the underlying policies to which they relate. Commissions relating to the unexpired portion of the underlying policies in force at the balance sheet date are recorded as deferred ceding commission income.

Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs

Premium taxes and other costs of acquiring business are deferred and amortized over the terms of the underlying policies to which they relate.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note A - Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments

Investments held by CRL consist of U.S. Treasury notes, obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies, corporate bonds, an asset-backed security, and common stocks. These investments are classified as "available-for-sale" and are carried at their estimated fair values based on quoted market prices with unrealized gains and losses reported as a component of other comprehensive income/(loss) in members' contributions and surplus. Realized gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method.

Other-than-temporary impairment losses result in a permanent reduction of the cost basis of the underlying investment and are reflected as a realized loss. In evaluating potential impairments, management considers, among other criteria: the current fair value compared to amortized cost or cost, as appropriate; the length of time the security's fair value has been below amortized cost or cost; management's intent and ability to retain the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in value; specific credit issues related to the issuer; and current economic conditions. No impairments were recorded during 2004 and 2005.

Other Investments

Other investments represent investments in four (three in 2004) futures limited partnership funds held through Smith Barney Citigroup. Investments in partnerships have been accounted for using the equity method based on the partnership's proportionate share of net assets of the invested limited partnership. In addition, the Company invests in two alternative funds that invest in derivative instruments. These funds are accounted for under FASB Statement No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". The gain or loss on the derivative instruments are recognized currently in earnings.

County Reinsurance, Limited

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note A - Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, CRL considers money market funds and all highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

	Decembe	1 51,	
	2005		2004
Chittenden Checking Account	\$ 87,664	\$	153,852
Smith Barney Cash & Money Market Accounts	3,344,817		2,994,836
Total	\$ 3,432,481	\$	3,148,688

Operating Lease Commitments

CRL entered into a three year lease agreement, expiring November 30, 2006. Rent expense charged to operations and future minimum lease payments are described further in Note G.

Furniture and Equipment

Depreciation and amortization are recognized over their estimated service lives of depreciable assets. The straight-line method of depreciation is followed for substantially all assets for financial reporting purposes.

Note B - Insurance Activity

CRL assumes various casualty coverages, from the risk pools, on an occurrence and a claims-made basis, up to \$7 million in excess of the individual pool retentions, which range from \$250,000 to \$750,000 and the insured corridor layer where applicable. CRL limits its risks to the first two million per occurrence or claim through facultative reinsurance agreements with The Insurance Company of The State of Pennsylvania (member of American Insurance Group (AIG)). For the period from July 1, 2004 to July 1, 2005, CRL limited its risks through facultative reinsurance agreements with Discover Reinsurance and The Insurance Company of The State of Pennsylvania. Prior to July 1, 2002, CRL limited its risks to the first million per occurrence or claim through facultative reinsurance agreements with Discover Reinsurance. For policy period July 1, 2003 - July 1, 2004 CRL has a corridor layer to its casualty policies through which it retains an additional \$1 million excess \$1 million with a \$5 million annual aggregate. For policy period July 1, 2002 - July 1, 2003 CRL has a corridor layer to its casualty policies through which it retains an additional \$1 million excess \$1 million with a \$3 million annual aggregate. Effective July 1, 2004, defense costs can be within the limit of coverage, in addition to the limit of coverage capped at \$500,000, or in addition to the limit of coverage shared on a pro-rata basis with the member, but capped at \$500,000.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note B - Insurance Activity (Continued)

CRL also assumed for certain members property coverage up to \$5 million inclusive of the individual pool retentions, which range from \$100,000 to \$250,000. This coverage was 100% ceded to Discover Reinsurance. This coverage was not renewed during 2005.

Currently, CRL assumes workers' compensation coverage from various public entity pools with limits up to \$2.5 million per occurrence inclusive of individual pool retentions which range from \$300,000 to \$750,000 and the insured corridor layer where applicable. CRL also assumes workers' compensation coverage for several other pools from Safety National Casualty Corporation (SNCC) on an occurrence basis with a limit of up to \$2.5 million inclusive of the individual pool retentions, which range from \$250,000 to \$750,000 and the insured corridor layer where applicable. Prior to July 1, 2005, CRL assumed workers' compensation coverage from various public entity pools from Safety National Casualty Corporation (SNCC) and United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company (USF&G). For policy period July 1, 2002 - July 1, 2003 CRL has a corridor layer to its casualty policies through which it retains an additional \$1 million excess \$1 million with a \$1.325 million annual aggregate. For policy period July 1, 2004 - July 1, 2005 CRL retains an additional \$750,000 excess \$2 million with an aggregate of \$750,000.

CRL provides a letter of credit for the benefit of USF&G in the amount of \$10,388,053 and \$9,949,705, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. CRL pledged investments with a carrying value of \$10,388,053 and \$9,949,705 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, as collateral for this outstanding letter of credit.

CRL provides a letter of credit for the benefit of Safety National Casualty Corporation in the amount of \$1,350,000 and \$500,000 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. CRL pledged investments with a carrying value of \$1,350,000 and \$500,000 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, as collateral for this outstanding letter of credit.

CRL provides a letter of credit for the benefit of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency in the amount of \$5,035,536 and \$4,908,878 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. CRL pledged investments with a carrying value of \$5,035,536 and \$4,908,878 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, as collateral for this outstanding letter of credit.

CRL provides a letter of credit for the benefit of the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund in the amount of \$900,000 and \$684,423 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. CRL pledged investments with a carrying value of \$900,000 and \$684,423 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, as collateral for this outstanding letter of credit.

County Reinsurance, Limited

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note B - Insurance Activity (Continued)

Effective July 1, 1997, CRL obtained aggregate stop loss reinsurance from USF&G to limit its total aggregate losses to \$5,655,000 per annum (\$16,965,000 over the three year period ending June 30, 2000), for the various casualty and workers' compensation coverages. This coverage was extended with attachment points at \$7,000,000 and \$14,250,000 for the 2000-2001, 2001-2002, policy years, respectively. CRL did not purchase aggregate stop loss coverage subsequent to the 2001-2002 policy period.

A reconciliation of assumed to net premiums, on both a written and an earned basis is as follows:

	2005		2004	
	Written	Earned	Written	Earned
Assumed Ceded	15,992,992 (1,502,691)	17,469,764 (2,657,436)	18,158,774 (3,981,510)	17,428,674 (4,240,727)
Net Premiums	<u>\$ 14,490,301 </u>	14,812,328 \$	14,177,264 \$	13,187,947

The components of the liability for losses and loss adjustment expenses and related reinsurance recoverable are as follows:

Case-basis reserves IBNR reserves	\$ 15,399,636 \$ 12,653,402 31,655,913 24,926,637
Gross reserves Reinsurance recoverable	47,055,549 37,580,039 (5,067,094) (5,707,003)
Net reserves	<u>\$ 41,988,455</u> <u>\$ 31,873,036</u>

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note B - Insurance Activity (Continued)

Losses and loss adjustment expense activity is as follows:

	2005		2004
Liability as of January 1, net of reinsurance recoverable of \$5,707,003 and \$6,366,716	\$ 31,873,036	\$	23,823,885
Incurred related to: Current year Development of prior years	 12,914,165 1,054,764		11,425,582 (36,746)
Total incurred during the year	 13,968,929		11,388,836
Paid related to: Current year Prior years	 (25,502) (3,828,008)	-	(237,098) (3,102,587)
Total paid during the year	 (3,853,510)		(3,339,685)
Liability as of December 31, net of reinsurance recoverable of \$5,067,094 and \$5,707,003	\$ 41,988,455	<u>\$</u>	31,873,036

County Reinsurance, Limited

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note C - Investments

The amortized cost or cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and estimated fair values of fixed maturity and equity securities are as follows:

At December 31, 2005	Amortized Cost or Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies Corporate bonds Asset-backed security Common stocks	\$ 21,650,772 17,949,363 59,288 13,561,799	\$ 19,780 41,817 1,221 2,285,294	\$ (315,308) (243,000) - (501,606)	17,748,180 60,509
Totals	\$ 53,221,222	\$ 2,348,112	\$ (1,059,914)	\$ 54,509,420
At December 31, 2004	Amortized Cost or Cost	Gross Unrealized <u>Gains</u>	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies Corporate bonds Asset-backed security Common stocks	\$ 18,068,651 11,936,242 140,459 9,837,019	\$ 159,198 219,454 7,210 1,843,856	\$ (95,042) (29,218) - (51,808)	\$ 18,132,807 12,126,478 147,669 11,629,067
Totals	\$ 39,982,371	\$ 2,229,718	\$ (176,068)	\$ 42,036,021

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note C - Investments (Continued)

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations without penalty. The scheduled maturities of bond investments at December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	Ar	nortized Cost or Cost	-	Estimated Fair Value
Maturity:				
In 2006	\$	6,112,705	\$	6,088,522
In 2007-2010		16,588,690		16,414,235
In 2011-2015		16,898,740		16,600,667
Subtotals		39,600,135		39,103,424
Asset-backed security		59,288		60,509
Totals	\$	39,659,423	\$	39,163,933

Management's estimate of other-than temporary declines in fair value for each investment is based upon analyst expectations of future market trends over a three to five year period and historical market trends for the preceding nine month period. Management determined that three securities had fair values which were below cost by more than 20% for a period in excess of nine consecutive months. Unrealized losses associated with these securities totaled \$25,873, as of December 31, 2005. Management deemed the unrealized loss on these securities as of December 31, 2005 to be temporary due to their belief that these securities will recover prior to sale.

Note D - Other Investments

Other investments consist of the following at December 31, 2005:

		Beginning Iding Value	Ti Managari	Purchases At Cost	 nrealized nin/(Loss)	Но	Ending Value
Derivative Investments Arden Endowment Fund Austin Capital All Seasons	\$	1,973,731	\$	285,000	\$ 198,327	\$	2,457,058
Fund		1,549,050	-	150,000	 123,898		1,822,948
Totals	<u>\$</u>	3,522,781	<u>\$</u>	435,000	\$ 322,225	\$	4,280,006

County Reinsurance, Limited

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note D - Other Investments (Continued)

		Beginning lding Value		Purchases At Cost		Realized ain/(Loss)	Н	Ending olding Value
Investments in Limited					0			
Partnerships								
Citigroup Fairfield Futures	\$	490,797	\$	-	\$	(58,585)	\$	432,212
Fund L.P.II								
Citigroup Diversified Futures								
Fund L.P.		537,350		130,000		(19,518)		647,832
Smith Barney Potomac								
Futures Fund L.P.		455,394		=		31,513		486,907
SSB AAA II Energy Futures								
Fund L.P.			_	275,000	_	52,291		327,291
T-4-1	¢.	1 402 541	Φ	405.000	Φ	5.701	¢.	1 204 242
Total	7	1,483,541	7	405,000	\$	5,701	D	1,894,242

Other investments consist of the following at December 31, 2004:

	 Cost	11.0	nrealized nin/(Loss)	_H	olding Value
Derivative Investments Arden Endowment Fund	\$ 1,900,000	\$	73,731	\$	1,973,731
Austin Capital All Seasons Fund	 1,486,000		63,050		1,549,050
Totals	\$ 3,386,000	\$	136,781	\$	3,522,781

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note D - Other Investments (Continued)

	Cost	Realized Gain/(Loss)	I	Iolding Value
Investments in Limited Partnerships				
Fairfield Futures Fund II L.P.	\$ 480,000	\$ 10,797	\$	490,797
Citigroup Diversified Futures				
Fund L.P.	520,000	17,350		537,350
Smith Barney Potomac Futures				
Fund L.P.	460,000	(4,606)		455,394
Total	\$ 1,460,000	\$ 23,541	\$	1,483,541

CRL invests in hedge and futures funds for diversification of its portfolio. The Arden Endowment Fund and Austin Capital All Seasons Fund are described as hedge funds. The objective of the Arden Endowment Fund is to provide investors with absolute returns on a consistent basis with limited volatility and limited beta to stocks and bonds. Their strategy to achieve this objective is through making allocations to a diversified selection of event-driven and relative value managers who are identified through a disciplined, research-driven investment process. The objective of the Austin Capital All Seasons Fund is to capture absolute returns while focusing on capital preservation. The fund utilizes a dynamic portfolio management strategy with a proprietary risk management model to achieve this objective and invests with a selection of alternative money managers that specialize in long and/or short equity strategies. The estimated fair value of these funds are determined by the investment advisors.

CRL also invested in three futures funds, Citigroup Fairfield Futures Fund L.P.II, Citigroup Diversified Futures Fund L.P., and Smith Barney Potomac Futures Fund L.P. for which it has .554%, .074% and .211% ownership interest, respectively during 2005 and .59%, .066% and .288% in 2004, respectively. In addition, during 2005, CRL began investing in SSB AAA II Energy Futures Fund L.P. for which it has a .071% ownership interest. The objective of these funds is to achieve substantial appreciation through speculative trading in U.S. and international markets. These funds may employ futures, options on futures, and forward contracts in those markets. Futures, forwards and options trading is speculative, volatile and involves a high degree of leverage. There are no liabilities associated with these limited partnerships as of December 31, 2005 and 2004.

County Reinsurance, Limited

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note E - Federal Income Taxes

CRL is a corporation formed to provide various types of reinsurance coverages solely to its members who are non-profit, risk-sharing pools of political subdivisions of states. CRL received approval to be tax exempt from federal income taxes pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Service Code. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes is included in the accompanying financial statements.

Note F - Service Agreements and Related Party Transactions

Accounting and reporting services, records retention and other management services are provided by USA Risk Group of Vermont, Inc. The National Association of Counties - Financial Services Center provides advertising and marketing services. Marsh Inc. provides brokerage and risk management services.

CRL employs an Executive Director, whose responsibilities include supervising all contractors, vendors and service providers engaged by CRL, and handling claims management. The Executive Director also contracts with service providers to provide claims management consultation and advice.

Note G - Operating Lease Commitments

CRL leases office space from Chad A. and Carrie L. Williams Trust. The office space is located at 2245 Lewisville Clemmons Road, Suite E, Clemmons, North Carolina, which expires on November 30, 2006. The lease is payable in equal monthly installments of \$925.

Total rent expense charged to operations approximated \$11,100 for 2005 and 2004. CRL also pays for its allocated electric and janitorial expenses. The total expense charged to operations was \$2,597 and \$3,999 for 2005 and 2004, respectively. Future minimum lease payments for all noncancellable operating leases due in 2006 are \$10,175.

Note H - Furniture and Equipment

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, furniture and equipment purchased is detailed as follows:

	 2005	 2004
Furniture and equipment purchased Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,275 (2,364)	\$ 8,558 (560)
Furniture and equipment, net	\$ 6,911	\$ 7,998

Depreciation expense of \$1,803 and \$560 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively,

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004

Note H - Furniture and Equipment (Continued)

is included in general and administrative expenses.

Note I - Members' Contributions and Surplus

In accordance with laws of the State of Vermont, for the purpose of submitting its financial statements to the State for regulatory purposes, County Reinsurance, Limited is required to use GAAP with the exception of variances prescribed by Vermont laws and regulations or permitted by the State of Vermont Department of Banking, Insurance, Securities and Health Care Administration (the Department). Pursuant to laws of the State of Vermont, County Reinsurance, Limited is required to maintain members' contributions and surplus of \$500,000.

CRL is owned by twenty-three and twenty-two members at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Each member pool made a contribution based on a percentage of its net reinsurance premium. Contributions totaled \$395,606 and \$1,961,320 in 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Upon a withdrawal or termination of a member, the member may request repayment of the original contribution plus a portion of CRL's earnings accumulated during its membership. The repayment may be granted at the discretion of the Board of Directors with prior approval from the Department.

Vermont law provides that no dividends may be paid to shareholders without prior approval of the Insurance Commissioner of the Department.

Net income and capital and surplus (members' contributions and surplus) as reported in the 2005 and 2004 Vermont Captive Insurance Company Annual Report and the corresponding amounts reported in these financial statements are reconciled as follows:

	-	200	05	20	004
			Capital and		Capital and
	_1	Net Income	Surplus	Net Income	Surplus
As reported in the Annual Report	\$	3,293,691	\$15,213,184	\$ 3,627,086	\$12,289,350
Realized gains on other investments		-	=	160,322	_
Rounding		(20)		1	1
As reported in the financial statements	<u>\$</u>	3,293,671	\$15,213,184	\$ 3,787,409	\$12,289,351

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Design & Print Coordination: Jantel Design, Inc. Atlanta, Georgia



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UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL Workers' Compensation Report All Years as of 8/31/06

COUNTY	EFFECTIVE		PREMIUMS				NUMBER of CLAIMS	CLAIMS						T0T	TOTAL INCURRED	0	LOSS
	DATE	2004	2005	2006			Medical Only				Indemnity	,		2004	2005	2006	RATIO
					0pen	Open Closed		Paid	Open	Closed	Incurred	Paid	Expense		as	ਰੱ ਂ	
Cache	7/1/2004	34,560	96,747	115,129	20	54	55,741	43,932	4	က	138,078	106,666	3,122	49,507	129,495	16,368	%06
Carbon	1/1/2004	90,781	90,781	118,015	1	41	28,419	24,237	2	4	117,003	107,339	4,324	119,609	12,824	14,336	54%
Daggett	1/1/2004	13,232	23,010	26,922	-	7	1,563	1,373	0	0	0	0	0	436	719	200	3%
Duchesne	1/1/2004	35,820	49,837	62,296	6	20	17,800	13,651	0	-	190'6	8,998	63	18,233	2,361	6,402	20%
Emery	1/1/2004	49,785	49,785	64,721	2	17	5,713	4,827	-	2	56,486	54,957	1,529	53,192	7,889	1,500	42%
Garfield	1/1/2004	22,047	27,654	32,355	3	6	7,758	3,558	0	-	7,882	7,799	83	3,691	8,094	4,200	22%
Grand	1/1/2004	25,504	34,619	40,504	9	17	6,879	8,057	0	-	17,037	17,037	776	2,485	23,339	3,100	32%
Iron	1/1/2004	62,704	74,232	88,336	16	28	32,742	24,085	2	3	45,637	10,807	8,183	24,841	24,943	29,543	39%
Juab	1/1/2004	23,557	22,338	26,135	7	∞	5,646	5,082	2	2	658,727	47,360	5,678	4,035	658,914	1,641	1015%
Kane	1/1/2004	10,547	26,694	31,232	3	∞	4,764	1,872	0	-	4,282	4,282	22	711	4,385	4,000	15%
Millard	1/1/2004	54,271	79,191	92,653	14	32	80,055	44,451	-	_	13,174	10,152	163	15,981	19,829	58,552	46%
Morgan	1/1/2004	14,966	19,479	23,180	-	4	4,570	4,361	-	-	103,865	86,140	6,376	2,522	103,865	2,200	210%
Piute	2/1/2004	3,800	5,678	6,757	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0
Rich	2/1/2004	4,085	9,129	11,411	-	2	8,272	1,353	-	2	31,527	19,111	628	15,371	10,148	14,340	183%
San Juan	1/1/2004	26,820	49,540	61,925	-	38	15,024	13,524	2	7	76,200	57,144	2,522	29,790	29,366	2,671	75%
Sanpete	1/1/2004	21,096	21,183	27,538	0	5	1,221	1,221	0	-	65,821	45,689	3,783	66,274	257	761	107%
Sevier	1/1/2004	21,791	24,491	31,838	6	27	14,203	6,999	_	4	37,010	32,389	2,113	30,901	14,763	5,781	73%
Summit	1/1/2005	0	83,243	97,394	∞	24	18,779	9,314	_	0	13,580	8,035	101	0	9,570	23,473	21%
Tooele	1/1/2005	0	97,983	114,640	13	70	14,553	5,541	2	6	25,475	74,758	68,528	3,923	76,065	13,575	21%
Uintah	1/1/2004	80,020	93,978	117,473	=	20	44,486	33,645	3	က	74,715	44,841	3,186	44,114	16,566	61,634	47%
Utah	4/1/2004	126,850	187,031	218,826	35	141	100,711	69,489	က	13	145,711	110,878	6,811	78,511	105,198	67,153	52%
Wasatch	1/1/2005	0	83,715	97,947	3	11,	6,408	4,810	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,216	3,300	4%
Washington	6/1/2006	0	0	69,632	9	0	6,950	175	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,950	13%
Wayne	1/1/2004	5,719	5,719	6,691	0	-	155	155	0	-	29,489	26,286	740	158	29,489	0	180%
Weber	6/1/2004	178,296	370,776	433,808	33	130	79,743	58,158	က	∞	131,869	102,595	4,937	25,297	133,696	54,958	24%
UCIP	1/1/2004	376	376	447	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0
Wasatch MH	7/1/2005	0	24,078	48,156	7	7	18,976	10,195	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,771	000'6	33%
TOTALS		906,626	1,651,287	2,065,962	211	731	584,131	394,065	29	89	1,802,629	983,263	123,668	589,585	1,466,032	405,438	%09

UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL Workers' Compensation Report This Year as of 8/31/06

TOTALS	Wasatch MH	UCIP	Weber	Wayne	Washington	Wasatch	Utah	Uintah	- Tooele	Summit	* Sevier	Sanpete	San Juan	Rich	Piute	Morgan	Millard	Kane	Juab	Iron	Grand	Garfield	Emery	Duchesne	Daggett	Carbon	Cache			COUNTY
2,065,962	48,156	447	433,808	6,691	69,632	97,947	218,826	117,473	114,640	97,394	31,838	27,538	61,925	11,411	6,757	23,180	92,653	31,232	26,135	88,336	40,504	32,355	64,721	62,296	26,922	118,015	115,129		2006	PREMIUM
196	7	0	30	0	6	ω	32	==	13	8	∞	0	_	0	0	1	ವ	ω	2	15	6	w	2	∞	_	5	18	0pen		
100	0	0	22	0	0	1	17	4	2	ယ	ယ	_	7	0	0	-	_	0	2	13	0	0	ယ	10	0	5	5 1	Closed	Med	
76,633	219	0	10,302	0	175	1,702	14,245	3,569	3,222	429	2,077	0	1,171	0	0	1,990	15,445	1,109	1,077	3,720	778	0	614	2,443	310	2,254	9,782	Paid	ical Only	
244,501	9,000	0	30,638	0	6,950	3,300	42,542	14,410	12,215	9,893	5,781	261	2,671	0	0	2,200	49,670	4,000	1,641	11,877	3,100	4,200	1,500	6,402	500	5,382	16,368	Incurred		NUMBER of CLAIMS YEAR TO D
13	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	ω	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	_	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0pen		CLAIMS
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Closed		YEAR TO D
58,087	0	0	4,755	0	0	0	12,234	19,121	1,339	8,035	0	0	0	2,544	0	0	5,948	0	0	512	0	0	0	0	0	3,599	0	Paid I	Indemnity	ATE
160,937	0	0	24,320	0	0	0	24,611	47,224	1,360	13,580	0	0	0	14,340	0	0	8,882	0	0	17,666	0	0	0	0	0	8,954	0	ncurred E		
1,994	0	0	23	0	0	0	274	1,415	20	101	32	0	30	∞	0	0	75	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	Expense		
136,714	219	0	15,080	0	175	1,702	26,753	24,105	4,581	8,565	2,109	0	1,201	2,552	0	1,990	21,468	1,109	1,077	4,233	778	0	614	2,443	310	5,867	9,782		Paid	
109,536	0	0	5,477	0	0	450	30,791	17,688	9,445	5,958	2,776	2,500	5,919	0	0	2,500	8,521	0	0	6,806	0	0	0	700	0	4,353	5,652		Reserves	TOTALS
405,438	9,000	0	54,958	0	6,950	3,300	67,153	61,634	13,575	23,473	5,781	261	2,671	14,340	0	2,200	58,552	4,000	1,641	29,543	3,100	4,200	1,500	6,402	500	14,336	16,368		Incurred	
26%	25%	0%	17%	0%	13%	4%	41%	70%	16%	32%	24%	1%	6%	168%	0%	13%	84%	17%	8%	45%	10%	17%	3%	14%	2%	16%	19%		RATIO	LOSS

UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL Multiline Claims Report YTD as of 8/31/06

	PREMIUM	NUM	NUMBER of	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	LOSS
		CLAIN Open	CLAIMS YTD pen Closed	PAID	RESERVES	INCURRED	RATIO
	61,521		3	3,031	10,000	13,031	16%
	173,314	0	ဢ	2,545	0	2,545	1%
	203,591	2	9	26,222	7,692	33,914	12%
	139,908	0	7	13,818	0	13,818	7%
	41,036	0	3	2,220	0	2,220	4%
	372,150	7	13	37,973	11,694	49,668	10%
	120,698	-	9	42,897	10,704	53,602	33%
	159,975	0	က	177	0	171	%0
	60,647	0	0	0	0	0	%0
	95,233	-	2	12,310	6,594	18,904	15%
	155,218	0	4	2,808	0	2,808	1%
	108,545	0	9	15,439	0	15,439	11%
	74,969	0	3	2,577	0	2,577	3%
	139,835	0	2	4,405	0	4,405	2%
	48,946	-	2	1,479	2,000	6,479	10%
	22,501	0	0	0	0	0	%0
	44,761	0	2	1,840	0	1,840	3%
	153,145	2	2	6,987	2,662	9,649	2%
	62,727	-	2	4,335	5,500	9,835	12%
	84,943	-	က	9,017	258,091	267,108	236%
	203,102	2	4	2,029	7,972	10,001	4%
	198,815	-	=	36,821	2,000	38,821	15%
	447,677	7	20	60,469	79,309	139,778	23%
	200,290	0	4	5,375	0	5,375	2%
	233,638	5	13	23,454	16,867	40,322	13%
	40,897	0	_	14,592	0	14,592	27%
	456,521	16	18	39,487	999'68	129,153	21%
	5,178	က	0	25,948	7,252	33,200	481%
	18,674	0	0	0	0	0	%0
	10,916	0	0	0	0	0	%0
	12,696	0	0	0	0	0	%0
	15,384	0	0	0	0	0	%0
	5,939	0	0	0	0	0	%0
	8,603	-	0	0	2,000	2,000	17%
	3,407	0	-	5,467	0	5,467	120%
	14,989	0	0	0	0	0	%0
1100	\$4,200,389	52	147	404,314	523,005	927,318	17%

UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL Multiline Claims Report All Years as of 8/31/06

Total	Weber-Morgan HD	Wasatch HD	TriCounty HD	Tooele HD	Southwest HD	Southeast HD	Central HD	Bear River HD	UCIP	Weber	Wayne	Washington	Wasatch	Utah	Uintah	Tonele	Sevier	Sanpete	San Juan	Rich	Piute	Morgan	Millard	Kane	Juab	Iron	Grand	Garfield	Frnerv	Duchesne	Davis	Daggett	Carbon	Cache	Box Elder	Beaver		一般の
159	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	ω	19	-1	=	7	28	7	2	5	7	C1	2	_	ယ	_	1	_	6	2	2	-	∞	5	0	0	=	5	4	Open (
4 426	4		_	0	0	0	_	_	0	411	17	314	122	603	210	121	107	107	160	17	4	16	150	67	58	148	120	40	∄	153	676	20	70	276	240	80	Closed	
1 120 106 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,202	165,231	15,946	154,286	185,199	42,882	7,604	79,147	52,355	777	0	0	0	0	0	911	6,812	5.000	82 379	22,926	73,363	0	0	223,764	7,960	1,454	1992	
67/ 665	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64,911	17,620	125,687	39,623	215,726	8,879	15,711	21,010	800	0	0	2,669	0	32,718	289,361	43,012	938	32 961	76,176	256,424	0	0	274,008	153,460	2,972	1993	
EEA 330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	202	112,514	160,236	191,225	202,953	75,689	22,863	17,474	8,957	1,630	0	0	21,738	7,777	67,707	128,551	2,938	2.477	83 281	20,774	223,267	0	0	140,866	53,712	7,397	1994	
VCC 30V	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53,944	53,121	152,602	46,706	29,067	7,316	132,546	58,771	5,788	0	0	90,408	6,992	5,631	14,643	2,947	33.445	8 032	24,684	111,543	0	0	28,527	51,568	7,953	1995	
007 500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23,831	41,792	74,388	134,502	61,641	0	2,837	5,299	19,226	1,947	7,174	0	40,832	4,493	22,838	2,917	60.804	10.104	29 143	13,122	243,774	0	0	81,914	11,367	30,644	1996	
1 360 367	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	569	7,024	357,315	214,695	84,256	0	14,415	1,776	5,522	0	0	0	8,821	0	17,236	8,793	714	0	50 376	41,632	382,198	0	0	35,366	23,292	15,356	1997	
1 400 AEC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39,412	23,849	182,097	3,649	274,896	40,240	0	16,907	2,075	94,754	10,407	0	0	99,179	135,261	172,902	96,256	24.782	9.873	23 305	7,319	71.179	0	121,825	16,318	10,189	11,783	1998	
1 014 367	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	437,888	0	171,882	181,369	104,271	61,638	0	1,530	28,068	40,475	450,000	0	0	22,767	4,143	5,501	4,339	19.438	0 0	7 079	76,518	116.748	0	30,953	17,547	3,262	28,952	1999	
1 100 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	512,219	0	14,761	14,758	118,616	6,349	0	14,861	32,904	27,928	849	0	0	42,468	22,024	16,155	19,653	33.324	295	6 044	0	62.674	2,337	2,389	93,369	115,023	10,862	2000	
1 160 060 0 000 160	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	513,378	0	53,525	32,988	351,249	104,110	0	2,434	17,424	40,922	0	6,875	0	10,134	14,790	33,471	85,042	21.713	40,000	6 793	49.719	170.611	0	355,226	216,886	48,523	26,351	2001	
1 000 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67,585	55,786	41,890	243,169	26,186	446,021	0	223,746	26,932	4,017	480	20,000	0	40,487	28,992	14,661	95,048	2.336	14 785	12 759	41,242	130.552	23,500	22,243	62,267	277,398	5,863	2002	
0 001 1 40	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,312	0	0	229,908	644	490,895	47,161	227,054	101,945	0	6,976	11,869	128,676	0	0	0	21,171	22,578	140	101,919	406.173	11 963	200 526	394,013	193.378	9,680	18,193	59,260	106,807	6,906	2003	
1 020 020 0 001 120 0 20 015 0 100 100	978	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,692	0	477,420	0	134,275	55,533	421,193	72,586	37,967	41,358	1,006	482,415	16,000	0	46,759	29,980	16,137	584	28,121	8.620	11 640	24 172	44.130	210.292	57,189	6,189	188,862	24,283	25,534	2004	
2 100 101	2,106	0	16,164	0	0	0	0	0	0	61,385	623	78,115	73,579	412,048	73,561	261,371	37,352	23,645	28,836	4.437	0	880	19,850	4,992	28,896	33,863	2,419	26.716	10 880	32.051	53.937	35,197	21,899	148,565	583,887	44,938	2005	
010 710	0	5,467	2,000	0	0	0	0	0	33,200	129,153	14,592	40,322	5,375	139,778	38,821	10,001	267,108	9,835	9,649	1.840	0	6,479	4,405	2,577	15,439	2,808	18.904	0	771	53.602	49.668	2,220	13,818	33,914	2,545	13,031	2006	
מכן זמר גר פור דרם	3,085	5,467	18,164				3,312	1,692	33,200	2,468,347	121,299	1,653,178	1,336,205	3,048,285	1,565,64	672,702	676,188	405,712	1.023.5	494.954	34,048	54,118	454,910	270,755	433,878	912,224	654 9	167 238	579 /0	897.908	2 349 607	130,123	592,735	1,621,434	1,473,276	239,997	Total	

UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL Multiline Claims Report All Years as of 8/31/06

Loss Ratio		19%	43%	42%	52%	35%	36%	44%	16%	14%	38%	32%	76%	21%	22%	19%	%6	64%	40%	25%	44%	39%	48%	45%	21%	44%	16%	%09	136%	2%	1%	%0	%0	%0	45%	35%	4%
	Total	940,172	2,569,661	2,875,653	861,973	277,512	4,866,032	1,547,286	2,781,727	923,249	1,300,343	2,113,202	1,228,384	972,712	1,582,014	208,316	276,399	580,225	1,907,750	1,229,384	1,143,812	1,279,240	2,443,025	5,026,227	1,970,048	2,796,817	559,262	3,108,487	12,687	63,567	37,879	44,056	53,384	50,609	30,232	11,822	52,014
	2006	61,521	173,314	203,591	139,908	41,036	372,150	120,698	159,975	60,647	95,233	155,218	108,545	74,969	139,835	48,946	22,501	44,761	153,145	62,727	84,943	203,102	198,815	447,677	200,290	233,638	40,897	456,521	5,178	18,674	10,916	12,696	15,384	5,939	8,603	3,407	14,989
	2005	60,785	164,995	198,563	137,757	40,545	367,700	119,255	158,062	59,922	91,290	153,363	107,247	74,072	138,163	48,361	22,232	44,226	149,487	61,977	83,927	182,679	187,388	442,324	197,895	230,845	40,408	518,721	5,116	17,957	10,785	12,544	15,200	2,868	8,500	3,366	14,810
	2004	706,07	163,471	211,900	119,539	41,793	430,230	119,029	163,980	68,171	92,354	151,767	121,785	80,309	145,870	55,504	24,950	44,138	165,655	82,776	84,987	182,679	184,482	490,563	178,120	241,739	42,293	451,062	1,420	17,957	10,785	12,544	15,200	5,868	8,500	3,366	14,810
	2003	70,907	160,800	198,194	111,413	41,250	430,230	94,179	163,980	68,171	92,354	138,399	115,543	75,166	145,870	55,504	24,950	42,009	165,655	82,776	81,720	0	184,482	466,001	178,120	234,403	40,448	451,062	973	8,979	5,393	6,272	7,600	2,934	4,629	1,683	7,405
	2002	68,196	164,987	187,070	95,953	36,653	431,197	114,153	158,320	64,670	81,159	138,724	103,685	68,292	129,444	0	21,479	36,931	149,915	79,315	74,030	0	184,522	414,951	158,244	183,409	39,014	392,513	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2001	69,954	167,505	194,552	82,555	36,735	370,211	111,465	165,096	64,364	81,599	140,837	94,570	62,911	112,956	0	20,038	37,073	143,280	80,766	73,361	0	189,386	370,827	134,603	176,543	41,209	251,684	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fremiums	2000		8			39,500						143,039		58,795		0	18,727	35,251	133,907	83,655	70,543	0	182,821	346,567	125,797			235,219	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1999		_		78,156	0								55,592	98,702	0				86,520	71,331	0	190,368	323,894	126,649	180,979	39,475	219,831	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1998				19,538	0	,			66,532		159,345	86,154	61,361		0	16,688	38,492				0					37,696	131,874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1997	57,972	199,334		0	0	301,205									0	15,436			97,316	79,236	0					36,176	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1996		205,051	217,715	0	0		95,455						66,234		0	14,375			101,226	73,007	0					33,803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1995		5 171,728	182,941	0	0	5 258,907								776,06	0								238,272			33,261	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1994		161,435	155,132	0	0	222,835				82,099	111,514		69,654		0				79,255				207,163			35,549	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1993			148,126	0	0	.,		_			_		65,070		0		36,668			73,444						33,623	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0
	1992	52,448	147,397	141,388	0	0	203,457	89,256	180,429	47,724	74,960	101,817		30,904	0	0	13,802	35,000	85,264	72,363	70,103	161,445	95,690	183,749	73,708	124,196	24,441	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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UTAH ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES

A Unifying Voice for County Government

September 15, 2006

Lester Nixon Utah Counties Insurance Pool P.O. Box 760 6900 South 900 East, Suite 230. Midvale, UT 84047

Dear Lester:

I have obtained the approval of our Executive Committee to pay the settlement amount which UAC and UCIP have agreed upon once the mutual release is signed.

I forwarded the release that you gave me to Karl Hendrickson for his advice concerning execution of the release by UAC. Karl correctly points out that UAC has never acknowledged that UCIP holds a claim for ownership in the building or any indebtedness as a result of such claim. He has prepared a revised release that is included which more accurately characterizes the release being entered into.

Once I have received the signed release back from you I will forward the check to UCIP immediately.

Sincerely,

L. Brent Gardner Executive Director

MUTUAL RELEASE

This Mutual Release ("Release"), is executed this day of	, 20,
by and between Utah Counties Insurance Pool, of 6900 South 900 East, Mi	dvale City, Salt
Lake County, State of Utah, and (hereinafter referred to as "UCIP"), and Ut	tah Association
of Counties, of 5397 South Vine Street, Murray City, Salt Lake County, Stat	e of Utah
(hereinafter "UAC") and is intended to effect the elimination of any obligati	ons either
party as hereinafter designated.	

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, UCIP asserts a claim against UAC related to the purchase and ownership of certain property and subsequent improvements located at 5397 South Vine Street, Murray, Utah (the "Property") and more specifically described in Exhibit A, Legal description of Property, affixed hereto; and

WHEREAS, UAC disputes UCIP's claim of ownership with respect to the Property and asserts claim against UCIP for unpaid expenses and other matters which claim is disputed by UCIP; and

WHEREAS, UAC is hereby willing and ready to pay UCIP the sum of \$190,000 in return for UCIP's and UAC's execution of mutual releases of all claims each party may have against the other; and

WHEREAS, both parties recognize that by the execution of this mutual release, they are relinquishing their respective legal rights with reference to the herein mentioned disputes and differences;

WITNESSETH:

NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the payment of the aforementioned \$190,000, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. UCIP does hereby release, cancel, forgive and forever discharge UAC, each of its predecessors, heirs, successors and assigns, and all of their officers, directors and employees from all actions, claims, demands, damages, obligations, liabilities, controversies and executions, of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, whether suspected or not, which have arisen, or may have arisen, or shall arise by reason of any matter, cause or thing whatsoever, and UCIP does specifically waive any claim or right to assert any cause of action or alleged case of action or claim or demand which has, through oversight or error intentionally or unintentionally or through a mutual mistake, been omitted from this Release.
- 2. UAC does hereby cancel, forgive and forever discharge UCIP and each of its successors heirs, and assigns in all capacities whatsoever, including without limitation as an officer, director, employee, representative, designee, agent, and

trustee thereof, from all actions, claims, demands, damages, obligations, liabilities, controversies and executions, of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, whether suspected or not, which have arisen, or may have arisen, or shall arise by reason of any matter, cause or thing whatsoever, and does specifically waive any claim or right to assert any cause of action or alleged cause of action or claim or demand which has, through oversight or error, intentionally or unintentionally or through a mutual mistake, been omitted from this Release.

3. The provisions of this Agreement must be read as a whole and are not severable and/or separately enforceable by either party hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE EXECUTED THIS release in as of the day, month, and year first set forth above.

UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL	
By:	
Lester Nixon, Chief Executive Officer	ž.

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES

L. Brent Gardner, Executive Director

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EXHIBIT A

LEGAL DESCIRPTION OF PROPERTY

Real Property located in Salt Lake County, State of Utah, to-wit:

A parcel of land in fee, being part of an entire tract of property situate in the Southwest quarter of Section 8, and the Northwest quarter of Section 17, Township 2 South; Range 1 East, Salt Lake Base and Meridian. The boundaries of said part of an entire tract are described as follows: BEGINNING at the Southwesterly corner of said entire tract at a point in the Easterly right of way line of Vine Street, which point is 127.97 feet South and 296:60 feet East of the Southwest corner of said Section 8; thence North 0°00'15" West 131.35feet along said Easterly right of way line; thence North 4°50'31" West215.72 feet along said easterly right of way line to a point in the arc of a 23.50 foot radius curve to the right; thence Northeasterly 26.71 feet along the arc of said curve (chord bears North 58°50'04" East 25.29 feet) to the Southerly right of way line of Woodoak Lane; thence South 88°36'30" East 235.61 feet along said Southerly right of way line; thence South 89°34'35" West 239.00 feet along said Southerly boundary line of said entire tract; thence South 89°34'35" West 239.00 feet along said Southerly boundary line to the point of BEGINNING.

MUTUAL RELEASE

This Mutual Release ("Release"), is executed this	day of	, 20	_, by
and between, Utah Counties Insurance Pool, of 6900	South 900 East,	Midvale City	y, Salt
Lake County, State of Utah, and (hereinafter referred	to as "UCIP"), a	ınd Utah	
Association of Counties, of 5397 South Vine Street, M			
State of Utah (hereinafter "UAC") and is intended to	effect the eliminate	ation of any	
obligations of either party as hereinafter designated.			

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, UCIP holds claim against UAC for certain indebtedness of UAC related to an agreement or mutual understanding between the parties above-named (hereinafter referred to as the "Indebtedness") over the purchase of certain property and subsequent improvements located at 5397 South Vine Street, Murray, Utah and more specifically described in Exhibit A, Legal description of Property, affixed hereto; and

WHEREAS, disputes and differences have arisen between the parties with respect to said Indebtedness; and

WHEREAS, UAC is hereby willing and ready to pay UCIP the sum of \$190,000 in return for a release of its Indebtedness to UAC; and

WHEREAS, both parties recognize that by the execution of this mutual release, they are relinquishing their respective legal rights with reference to the herein mentioned disputes and differences;

WITNESSETH:

NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the payment of the aforementioned \$190,000, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. UCIP does hereby release, cancel, forgive and forever discharge UAC, each of its predecessors, heirs, successors and assigns, and all of their officers, directors and employees from all actions, claims, demands, damages, obligations, liabilities, controversies and executions, of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, whether suspected or not, which have arisen, or may have arisen, or shall arise by reason of the Indebtedness, and UCIP does specifically waive any claim or right to assert any cause of action or alleged case of action or claim or demand which has, through oversight or error intentionally or unintentionally or through a mutual mistake, been omitted from this Release.
- 2. UAC does hereby release, cancel, forgive and forever discharge UCIP, and each of its successors heirs, and assigns in all capacities whatsoever, including without limitation as

an officer, director, employee, representative, designee, agent, and trustee thereof, from all actions, claims, demands, damages, obligations, liabilities, controversies and executions, of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, whether suspected or not, which have arisen, or may have arisen, or shall arise by reason of any matter, cause or thing whatsoever, and does specifically waive any claim or right to assert any cause of action or alleged cause of action or claim or demand which has, through oversight or error, intentionally or unintentionally or through a mutual mistake, been omitted from this Release.

3. The provisions of this Agreement must be read as a whole and are not severable and/or separately enforceable by either party hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Release in as of the day, month, and year first set forth above.

UTAH COUNTIES ÎNSU	RANCE POOL	
By: Lester Nixon, Chief Ex	ecutive Officer	

UTAH ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES

By:	
Brent Gardner, Executive Director	

EXHIBIT A

LEGAL DESCIRPTION OF PROPERTY

Real Property located in Salt Lake County, State of Utah, to-wit:

A parcel of land in fee, being part of an entire tract of property situate in the Southwest quarter of Section 8, and the Northwest quarter of Section 17, Township 2 South; Range 1 East, Salt Lake Base and Meridian.. The boundaries of said part of an entire tract are described as follows: BEGINNING at the Southwesterly corner of said entire tract at a point in the Easterly right of way line of Vine Street, which point is 127.97 feet South and 296:60 feet East of the Southwest corner of said Section 8; thence North 0°00'15" West 131.35feet along said Easterly right of way line; thence North 4°50'31" West215.72 feet along said easterly right of way line to a point in the arc of a 23.50 foot radius curve to the right; thence Northeasterly 26.71 feet along the arc of said curve (chord bears North 58°50'04" East 25.29 feet) to the Southerly right of way line of Woodoak Lane; thence South 88°36'30" East 235.61 feet along said Southerly right of way line; thence South 0°00'15" East 351.90 feet to a Southerly boundary line of said entire tract; thence South 89°34'35" West 239.00 feet along said Southerly boundary line to the point of BEGINNING.

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AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

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Item	110	CCV	1111	1011
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Approve assignment of property excess/reinsurance markets and authorize the Chief Executive Officer to solicit quotes

Background, Discussion

I have been approached by different brokers offering to quote our property coverage. Assigning markets to brokers controls how much confusion there is created in a limited marketplace when obtaining quotes. I asked three brokers to provide me with a list of markets they would like to approach. (See attached) I then went through the lists and assigned the markets as closely as possible per their request. (See attached list prepared by me.)

I have approached one market, Genesis, that will quote directly to me as a qualified buyer without a broker. We will also obtain a quote from CRL, if available.

Recommendation	
Staff recommends approval.	

Lester Nixon

From: Lomb

Lombard, Bob [lombard_bj@willis.com]

Sent: Tuesday, September 05, 2006 10:02 AM

To: Lester Nixon

Subject: UCIP Property Submission

Good morning Lester.

I hope you had a good weekend. We have checked with our markets and would appreciate the opportunity to submit both the property and workers compensation coverages to the following markets:

Property:

- 1. Travelers
- 2. Lloyd's
- 3. Allianz
- 4. Chubb
- 5. AIG
- 6. Lexington

Workers' Compensation:

- 1. Midwest Employers
- 2. Discover Re

These markets are listed in order of preference per our conversation last week. We would also appreciate the following information for each line of coverage:

For Property Submission:

- 1. Annual Report
- 2. Property Specifications Limits, structure and retention
- 3. Electronic SOV by Member (Excel)
- 5.. Five Years Currently Valued Loss Runs including details of losses \$25,000 and higher (electronic and manipulatable (Excel), if possible)
- 6. Copy of Coverage Document
- 7 Audited Financial Statements (2 years)
- 8. Most recent Actuarial Report
- 9. Earthquake Modeling Study

For WC Submission:

- 1. Overview of Pool
- 2. WC Specifications Limits, structure, retention
- 5. Completed Application I will forward a copy
- 6. Five Years Historical Information (Payrolls, Limits, SIR's)
- 7. Five Years Currently Valued Loss Runs including details of losses \$25,000 and higher (electronic and manipulatable (Excel), if possible)
- 8. Audited Financial Statements (2 years)
- 9. Most recent Actuarial Report
- 10. Utah Statutes Information
- 11. Employee concentration information

We will put both submissions into an electronic format and provide the information via a website to the appropriate

underwriters. You will be provided access to the submission so that you can view how we represent UCIP in the insurance marketplace.

I look forward to working with you and will follow up early next week.

Thanks and feel free to call with any questions.

Sincerely,

Bob Lombard Managing Partner Willis CAPS Office: 775-323-1656 Ext. 19 Cell: 775-848-6335 lombard_bj@willis.com

The information in this email and in any attachments is confidential and may be privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, please destroy this message, delete any copies held on your systems and notify the sender immediately. You should not retain, copy or use this email for any purpose, nor disclose all or any part of its content to any other person.

No virus found in this incoming message. Checked by AVG Free Edition.

Version: 7.1.405 / Virus Database: 268.11.7/437 - Release Date: 9/4/2006

Lester Nixon

From:

Jeff.R.Larsen@marsh.com

Sent:

Monday, September 18, 2006 5:58 PM

To: Subject: Lester Nixon Fw: UCIP

1. The following are the markets we will approach for the January renewal. Affiliated FM
London (P3) - Marsh proprietary market
Lexington (AIG)
Zurich
Allianz
Chubb

St Paul Travelers Crum & Forster

2. Brad Harmes indicates he will try to get you in the Marsh dinner group for Thursday evening at your jointly attended conference. Perhaps he has called you today.

Have a great trip!

Jeff

This e-mail transmission and any attachments that accompany it may contain information that is privileged, confidential or otherwise exempt from disclosure under applicable law and is intended solely for the use of the individual(s) to whom it was intended to be addressed. If you have received this e-mail by mistake, or you are not the intended recipient, any disclosure, dissemination, distribution, copying or other use or retention of this communication or its substance is prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately reply to the author via e-mail that you received this message by mistake and also permanently delete the original and all copies of this e-mail and any attachments from your computer. Thank you.

No virus found in this incoming message.

Checked by AVG Free Edition.

Version: 7.1.405 / Virus Database: 268.12.5/450 - Release Date: 9/18/2006



Arthur J. Gallagher Risk Management Services

Via Telefacsimile & U.S. Mail 801.568.0495

September 7, 2006

Lester Nixon, CPCU Chief Executive Officer Utah Counties Insurance Pool P.O. Box 760 6900 South 900 East, Suite 230 Midvale, UT 84047

Re:

Property Markets

Dear Lester:

It was good speaking with you. Further to our telephone conversation, below are the best property markets for pools:

- 1. RSUI
- 2. Travelers
- 3. Allianz
- 4. AXIS (layered program)
- 5. Ace Westchester
- 6. Lexington
- 7. Chubb
- 8. Genesis (layered program)
- 9. FM Global
- 10. Munich Re
- 11. Hartford
- 12. HSB Re (AIG) (layered program)

My top preferences in order are carriers numbers 1-8.

As we discussed, we would welcome the opportunity to work with you again. If you have any other questions or if there is anything I can do to help, please do not hesitate to let me know.

---- SIP 1 3 2006

Sincerely,

John Chino

Area Senior Vice President

15 Enterprise, Suite 200 Aliso Viejo, CA 92656 949.349.9800 Fax 949.349.9900 License# 0726293 www.ajg.com

ASSIGNED MARKETS

WILLIS

- Travelers
- Chubb
- Lloyd's
- AIG (not Lexington)

GALLAGHER

- RSUI
- Allianz
- AXIS
- ACE Westchester
- Munich RE
- Hartford

MARSH

- Affiliated FM
- Lexington (AIG)
- Zurich
- Crum and Forster

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY Item Description Approve RFP to solicit proposals from audit service providers Background, Discussion Staff has prepared the attached RFP for audit services. Proposals would be due by October 31, 2006. First audit period would be the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006. Recommendation Staff recommends approval.

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UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL

Notice to Bidders

AUDIT SERVICE CONTRACT Request for Proposal (RFP)

The **Utah Counties Insurance Pool (UCIP)** will be accepting sealed Proposals for the purpose of obtaining a qualified Certified Public Accountant to perform the financial audit of UCIP.

Proposals must be received by the Chief Executive Officer of UCIP no later than October 31, 2006. Failure to deliver Proposal on time will result in rejection of the Proposal.

Inquiries regarding this Proposal may be directed in writing to:

Lester Nixon, CEO
Utah Counties Insurance Pool
P.O. Box 760
6900 South 900 East
Midvale, UT 84047
801-565-8500

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF PROPOSALS

(These items apply to and become a part of the proposal. No exceptions to these terms & conditions will be considered.)

- Proposals <u>must</u> be submitted on this form only, including a signature of authorized agent. Be sure envelope is completely and properly identified and <u>sealed</u>.
- 2. No Proposer may withdraw his/her proposal for a period of thirty (30) days after the date and hour set for the opening of proposals.
- 3. The Proposer shall show in the proposal both the unit prices and total amount, where required, of each item listed. In the event of error or discrepancy in the mathematics, the unit prices shall prevail.
- 4. Any exceptions or deviations from written specifications shall be shown in writing and attached to the Proposal form.
- 5. The enclosed forms regarding non-collusion and financial interest must be signed, notarized and returned with the Proposal.
- 6. UCIP reserves the right to reject any and all Proposals and to waive any technicalities in the Proposal.
- 7. Proposal price shall be valid for a period of sixty (60) days after the opening date.

AWARD OF PROPOSAL

This Proposal shall be awarded to the firm whose proposal is judged most responsive to the Proposal and is most advantageous to UCIP, considering the factors identified in the Proposal.

- 1) The UCIP Board of Trustees shall have the authority to award the contract.
- 2) The contract shall be awarded to the lowest secure Proposer meeting specifications. In determining "lowest secure proposer", in addition to price, the following factors shall be considered:
- 3) The ability, capacity, skill and experience of the Proposer to fulfill the terms of the contract or provide the service required.
- 4) Whether the Proposer can fulfill the terms of the contract or provide the service promptly or within the time specified without delay or interference.
- 5) The character, integrity, reputation, judgment, experience and efficiency of the Proposer.
- 6) The quality of fulfillment of the terms of previous contracts or services.
- 7) The previous and present compliance of the Proposer with laws and ordinances relating to the contract or service.
- 8) The sufficiency of the financial resources and ability of the Proposer to fulfill the terms of the contract or provide the services required.
- 9) The quality, availability and adaptability of the contractual services to the particular use required.
- 10) The number and scope of the conditions attached to the Proposer.

AUDIT SERVICE CONTRACT

Specifications

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL (RFP) #22-002

SECTION I – GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Utah Counties Insurance Pool (UCIP or the Pool) was incorporated in December, 1991, as the Utah Association of Counties Insurance Mutual, or UACIM, or the Mutual. In July, 2003, the Mutual was renamed the Utah Counties Insurance Pool. UCIP is a public agency insurance mutual exempt from most insurance statutes of the State of Utah per 31A-1-103(7). For audit purposes UCIP is an interlocal entity formed under UCA 11-13-101 et seq, as amended. UCIP is a joint program to provide for the pooling of risks among the counties of Utah and their related entities. All of the pool's business is conducted in Utah.

UCIP maintains its internal accounting records on a modified cash basis (for budgetary accounting purposes) during the year. At year end, UCIP staff prepares and posts the necessary journal entries to convert the records to GAAP. The conversion results in the reporting of governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. UCIP implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2005.

SECTION II - SERVICES REQUIRED

A. General

UCIP is soliciting the services of qualified firms of certified public accountants to audit its financial statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006. It is anticipated that the firm selected to serve as UCIP's independent auditor will be retained for at least three (3) years, with annual evaluations made of the firm's services. These audits are to be performed in accordance with generally accepted standards as required by the Federal Single Audit Act and OMB A-128 or A-133, as applicable, and the Audits of Political Subdivisions Act, UCA 51-2 et seq, as amended.

B. Scope of Work

UCIP desires the auditor to audit all UCIP financial statements to express opinions on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Management Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison schedules will be presented as required supplementary information. The auditor will be responsible for

applying certain limited procedures, which consist principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, the auditor is not expected to audit the information nor express an opinion on it.

The independent accounting firm should be familiar with the State of Utah statutes dealing with financial matters of political subdivisions.

C. Other Considerations

In addition to the opinions on the basic financial statements, the auditor will be required to issue the by-product report on internal control and compliance over financial reporting in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. A separate management letter shall be prepared by the firm setting forth findings and recommendations relative to other internal control findings, fiscal affairs and other significant observations of the accounting firm during the course of the audit. All reports required by the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133 must be provided.

The accounting firm will be readily available to answer questions throughout the year and meet with UCIP staff if requested.

D. Working Paper Retention and Access to Working Papers

All working papers and reports must be retained, at the auditor's expense, for a minimum of five (5) years, unless the firm is notified in writing by UCIP of the need to extend the retention period. The auditor will be required to make working papers available, upon request, to the following parties:

- UCIP
- Parties designated by the federal or state government or by UCIP as part of an audit quality review process
- Auditors of entities with which UCIP transacts primary insurance, excess insurance, or reinsurance

In addition, the firm shall respond to the reasonable inquires of successor auditors and allow successor auditors to review working papers relating to matters of continuing accounting significance.

III. REPORT REQUIREMENTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

UCIP staff will prepare end of year adjusting entries and will prepare working trial balances for the auditor. UCIP staff may also prepare confirmations and certain schedules at year end which assist the external accounting firm. UCIP staff will be available during the audit to assist the audit firm by providing information, documentation and explanations.

UCIP will provide the auditor with reasonable work space, desks and chairs. The auditor will also be provided with access to all telephone lines and photocopying facilities.

The auditor will be responsible for providing any proposed adjusting entries to the UCIP CEO for review and acceptance. The audit firm will also provide a list of immaterial audit differences not proposed for adjustment. Once the audit is completed, the audit firm will supply UCIP with 20 copies of signed audit opinions and related reports. These reports must be submitted prior to April 30, 2007.

The firm will present the final report to an audit committee and/or the UCIP Board of Trustees. The firm will file the report with the Office of the State Auditor before June 30, 2007.

IV. THE SELECTION PROCESS

A. UCIP management will review all proposals and score each firm's proposal using the Proposal Specifications Evaluation Check List (see Exhibit 1). UCIP staff may contact selected references provided by the accounting firm.

After the proposals have been scored and ranked based on qualifications and responsiveness, the sealed cost information will be opened and the firms will be ranked based upon their total all-inclusive maximum price. The two rankings will then be compared and an accounting firm will be recommended to the UCIP Board of Trustees.

- B. Proposals should be structured in substantially the same format and order listed below:
 - Table of Contents-Include a clean identification of the material by section and page number.
 - Scope-Clearly define your understanding of the scope of services required.
 - Personnel-Identify the supervisors, including audit in-charge or senior accountants who will work on the audit. Identify staff from other than the proposing office and list their home office(s). Resumes for each supervisory person assigned to the audit should be included and specific expertise indicated. Resumes may be included as an appendix. Include name and phone number of the person authorized to answer questions about the proposal.

- Audit Approach-Clearly define the firm's approach to conducting the audits.
- **Profile of the Firm**-State whether your firm is local, national or international. Give the location of the office from which the work is to be done and the number of partners, managers, seniors and other professional staff employed at that office. Describe the range of activities performed by the local office in the governmental area.
- Governmental Experience-Describe local office auditing experience for the last three (3) years similar to the type of audit requested and give names of current clients. Provide names and telephone numbers of client officials responsible for those audits listed. Before the acceptance of the firm's engagement letter, the successful accounting firm must certify to UCIP that the audit staff assigned to this audit has met the Government Auditing Standards requirements for continuing education.
- Additional Data-Give any additional information considered essential to this Proposal. Firms are requested to include results of their most recent external quality control review, including any letter of comments. Firms are encouraged to explain how they are able to assist UCIP in implementing new accounting pronouncements.

C. <u>Fee Proposals</u>

Fee Proposals submitted in response to this RFP should be a maximum all-inclusive price to perform the audit. The sealed cost information should include a total price for the audit for the 2007 fiscal year and an estimate for each of the two succeeding fiscal years. Include in the proposal a minimum of the following information:

- · Budgeted hours by type of staff
- · Hourly rate proposed by type of staff
- · Total not-to-exceed fee, including expenses

Fee Proposals should be sealed in a separate envelope labeled "Cost Information". The envelope should bear the firm's name and a return address.

D. Other

All statements made in the audit proposal may be incorporated by reference in the audit contract.

All proposing firms may make an on-site visit before their proposal is submitted. To schedule a site visit, contact the CEO. Contact with any members of the UCIP Board of Trustees regarding this RFP may be grounds for elimination from the selection process.

Progress payments will be made on the basis of hours worked and interim billings shall cover a period of not less than a calendar month.

V. INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROPOSAL SUBMITTAL

Two (2) copies of your proposal, including *sealed* cost information, must be submitted to Chief Executive Officer, UCIP, P.O. Box 760, Midvale UT 84047. Failure to deliver Proposal on time will result in rejection of the Proposal.

The attached "Bidder's Affidavit" must accompany your proposal. It may be included as an appendix.

UCIP reserves the right to reject any and/or all Proposals.

EXHIBIT I

Proposal Specifications Evaluation Check List

Firm:		
Crite	r <u>ia</u>	Points
1.	Understanding of scope of services (0-15)	
	a. Does the proposal exhibit a clear understanding of the extent of work and coordination involved in the audit engagement?	0-10
	b. Is the hourly breakdown sufficient to provide for adequate audit work and supervision?	0-5
2.	Qualifications of staff to be assigned to the audit engagement (0-40)	
	a. Do the audit supervisors, i.e. seniors, managers and partners have prior City or other local government audit experience within the last three years?	0-8
	b. Do the audit supervisors have CPA certificates?	0-2
	c. Is the firm registered with the Utah Accountancy Board?	0-3
	d. Does the firm provide its staff with continuing education in the government sector that meets the requirements of <u>Government Auditing Standards?</u>	0-6
	e. Are the key staff to be assigned to the audit engagement located so that they will be available for consultation throughout the year?	0-3
	f. Has the firm submitted an external quality control system review and any letter of comments?	0-3
	g. Are there any deficiencies in the external quality control system review program?	0-15

3.	Commitment to government accounting and auditing (0-20)	
	a. Is the proposing office involved in governmental organizations such as GFOA and Utah Association of Counties?	0-4
	b. Does the proposing office exhibit a clear understanding of GAAP for government?	0-6
	c. Does the proposing office have other local governments in Utah as favorable references for their audit services?	0-10
4.	Audit approach and plan (0-13)	
	a. Is the audit plan specific and tailored to the UCIP?	0-4
	b. Does the proposal exhibit an appreciation for the UCIP's needs?	0-3
	c. Is the firm able to meet the time deadlines?	0-3
5.	d. Does the firm have a clear understanding of the extent of participation in the audit work by UCIP staff?Single Audit (0-10)	0-3
	a. Has the proposing office performed single audits in Utah or elsewhere?	0-4
	b. If yes to (a) above, is the person who was in charge of that engagement available regularly to assist in the UCIP's single audit?	0-3
	c. Does the firm exhibit a clear understanding of single audit requirements?	0-3
6.	Other considerations (0-10)	
	a. Is the proposing office sufficiently staffed with experienced accountants needed to conduct the audit engagement?	0-4

b. Is the proposal neat and well organized?	0-2
c. Is the proposal in the format and order recommended in the RFP?	0-2
d. Did the firm follow all instructions in submitting the proposal and sealed "Cost Information" envelopes?	0-2

NON COLLUSION AFFIDAVIT

State of)	
) ss	
County of)	
sworn on oath says that (s)he is the agbid. Affiant further states that the bid with bidders in restraint of freedom of refrain from bidding; or with State, quantity, quality, or price in prospection contract; or in any discussions betwee concerning exchange of money or any letting of a contract.	dder has not been a party of competition by agreement to County, or City officials or ive contract, or any other termeen bidder and any State, Co	to submit the attached any collusion amoun bid at a fixed price of employees as to the ms of said prospective ounty, or City officia
T	Name:	
ר	Γitle:	
Subscribed and sworn before me this_	day of	, 2005.
	_	
Notary Public		
My Commission Expires:		

BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP AFFIDAVIT

State of
County of) ss
oath that (s)he is the agent authorized by the bidder to submit the attached bid. Affiant further states that the nature of any partnership, joint venture, or other business relationship presently in effect of which existed within one (1) year prior to the date of this statement which the architect, engineer, or other part of the project is as follows:
Affiant further states that any such business relationship presently in effect or which existed within one (1) year prior to the date of this statement between any official or director of the architectural or engineering firm or any other party to the project is as follows:
Affiant further states that the names of all persons who have any such business relationships and the positions they hold with their respective companies or firms are as follows:
(If none of the business relationships hereinabove mentioned exists, affiant should so state)
Name:
Title:
Subscribed and sworn before me thisday of, 2004.
Notary Public

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

Item Description

Authorize the Chief Executive Officer to sign a release in favor of American International Group (AIG).

Background, Discussion

UCIP has purchased \$250,000 in liability coverage to sit above the \$2 million provided by County Reinsurance Limited since January 1, 2004. The \$250,000 excess is provided by C.V. Starr, which until recently was a subsidiary of AIG. Marsh of Atlanta, the insurance broker for CRL, was the broker between C.V. Starr and CRL, acting on behalf of UCIP.

The Attorney General of New York investigated AIG and Marsh, the insurance broker, for anti-competitive business activities, including bid rigging. Rather than prosecute AIG, the New York AG entered into a \$375 million settlement agreement with AIG.

UCIP may sign this release and receive \$6,501.12 as our part of the AIG settlement.

Recommendation	
Staff recommends authorizing the CEO to sign this agreement and all other necessary release documents.	

Must be Postmarked No Later Than January 26, 2007 AIG Excess Casualty Settlement c/o The Garden City Group, Inc. PO Box 9000 #6402 Merrick, NY 11566-9000 (888) 355-5464



Settlement Identification Number: 01003647



UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL ATTN: GENERAL COUNSEL OR PRINCIPAL 5397 S VINE ST SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84107-6757

ADDRESS CORRECTIONS	
Write any address corrections below. Any changes to RELEASOR name must be submitted in writing with explanation for change.	
PLANTA PLANTA AND RESPONSE OF THE CONTROL OF THE CO	
programme with the contract of	

GENERAL RELEASE

This RELEASE (the "Release") is executed this _____ day of _____, 200___ by RELEASOR (defined below) in favor of RELEASEE (defined below).

DEFINITIONS

"RELEASOR" refers to UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL and any of its affiliates, subsidiaries, associates, general or limited partners or partnerships, predecessors, successors, or assigns, including, without limitation, any of their respective present or former officers, directors, trustees, employees, agents, attorneys, representatives and shareholders, affiliates, associates, general or limited partners or partnerships, heirs, executors, administrators, predecessors, successors, assigns or insurers acting on behalf of RELEASOR.

"RELEASEE" refers to American International Group, Inc. and any of its subsidiaries, associates, general or limited partners or partnerships, predecessors, successors, or assigns, including, without limitation, any of their respective present or former officers, directors, trustees, employees, agents, attorneys, representatives and shareholders, affiliates, associates, general or limited partners or partnerships, heirs, executors, administrators, predecessors, successors, assigns or insurers (collectively, "AIG").

"AGREEMENT" refers to a certain agreement between AIG and the Attorney General of the State of New York ("NYAG") dated January 18, 2006 and an accompanying stipulation between AIG and the Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York ("NYSI") dated January 18, 2006, relating to (i) an action commenced against AIG by the NYAG and NYSI dated May 26, 2005, captioned The People of the State of New York v. American International Group, Inc., Maurice R. Greenberg and Howard I. Smith, Index No. 401720/2005, and an investigation by the NYAG and NYSI related to AIG's alleged use of contingent commission agreements or placement service agreements to steer business; and (iii) an investigation by the NYAG and NYSI related to AIG's alleged participation in bid rigging schemes.

RELEASE

- In consideration for the total payment of \$ 6,501.12 plus any interest or investment income earned thereon in accordance with the terms of the AGREEMENT, RELEASOR does hereby fully release, waive and forever discharge RELEASEE from any and all claims, demands, debts, rights, causes of action or liabilities whatsoever, including known and unknown claims, now existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, whether under state, federal or foreign statutory or common law, and whether possessed or asserted directly, indirectly, derivatively, representatively or in any other capacity (collectively, "claims"), to the extent any such claims are based upon, arise out of or relate to, in whole or in part, (i) any of the allegations, acts, omissions, transactions, events, types of conduct or matters that are the subject of the COMPLAINT, described in the AGREEMENT, or were subject to investigation by NYAG and NYSI as referenced in the AGREEMENT; (ii) any allegations, acts, omissions, transactions, events, types of conduct or matters that are the subject of In re Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation, MDL No. 1663, or the actions pending in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey captioned In re: Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation, Civ. No. 04-5184 (FSH), and In re Employee Benefit Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation, Civ. No. 05-1079 (FSH) or any related actions filed or transferred to the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey that are consolidated into either of the preceding Civil Action dockets, or (iii) any allegations of bid-rigging or of the use of contingent commission agreements or placement service agreements to steer business; provided, however, that RELEASOR does not hereby release, waive, or discharge RELEASEE from any claims that are based upon, arise out of or relate to (a) the purchase or sale of AIG securities; and (b) AIG's Life Insurance Operations (as defined by the Agreement to which this Release is an exhibit).
- 2. In the event that the total payment referred to in paragraph 1 is not made for any reason, then this RELEASE shall be deemed null and void, provided that any payments received by RELEASOR shall be credited to AIG in connection with any claims that RELEASOR may assert against AIG, or that are asserted on behalf of RELEASOR or by a class of which RELEASOR is a member, against AIG.
- 3. This RELEASE may not be changed orally and shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the internal laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to choice of law principles, except to the extent that federal law requires that federal law governs. Any disputes arising out of or related to this RELEASE shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the State of New York or, to the extent federal jurisdiction exists, the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.
- 4. Releasor represents and warrants that the claims have not been sold, assigned or hypothecated in whole or in part.

RELEASOR:	(must match RELEASOR as defined above)	Date:	/	/	Is RELEASOR a US Person / Entity?
Signed By:		Taxpayer ID No:			
Print Name:		Phone Number:	()	
Title:	(must have authority to sign RELEASE)	Email Address:			

Eligible Policyholder Name: Eligible Policyholder Address: UTAH COUNTIES INSURANCE POOL

5397 S VINE ST

SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84107-6757

AIG Excess Casualty Settlement Fund Policy Statement

Settlement Amount (1)	Premium	у	Eligible Policy	
\$6,501.12	\$64,147.00	Marine Salver Commence Annual Salver	1044946	1
\$6,501.12	\$64,147.00	Totals		

⁽¹⁾ The total settlement amount for all Eligible Policies is \$6,501.12, plus any interest or investment income earned thereon in accordance with the terms of the settlement agreement.

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC.

August 2006

Dear Policyholder:

I am writing to inform you of your eligibility to participate in a settlement fund established by American International Group, Inc. ("AIG").

Background

As you may be aware, the Office of the Attorney General of the State of New York (the "New York Attorney General") and the Superintendent of Insurance of the State of New York have been conducting investigations into certain insurance industry practices. Those investigations involve allegations of both improper bidding arrangements and steering practices involving the use of contingent commissions. AIG cooperated with the investigation of the New York Attorney General and the New York Insurance Department.

The Excess Casualty Fund

On February 9, 2006, AIG announced that it had entered into a settlement agreement with the New York Attorney General and a stipulation with the New York Insurance Department to resolve a number of outstanding claims and investigations by those offices. A copy of the settlement agreement and stipulation (collectively, the "Agreement") is available at www.aigsettlement.com.

As part of the Agreement, without admitting or denying the existence of any wrongdoing, AIG established a \$375 million settlement fund (the "Excess Casualty Fund") for its policyholders who purchased or renewed excess casualty policies (excluding excess workers compensation policies) through Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. or Marsh Inc. (collectively, "Marsh") during the period from January 1, 2000 through September 30, 2004 ("Eligible Policyholders"). Under the terms of the Agreement, AIG's excess casualty policyholders are eligible to participate in the Excess Casualty Fund without being required to demonstrate that they suffered any actual harm or injury, or in fact that any wrongdoing had occurred.

Allocation of the Excess Casualty Fund

Attached is a statement setting forth the amount your company is eligible to receive from the Excess Casualty Fund. The amount your company is eligible to receive from the Excess Casualty Fund is based on your company's pro rata portion of the total AIG excess casualty premium written between January 1, 2000 and September 30, 2004 through Marsh. AIG has calculated the amount of premium written for excess casualty policies attributable to each Eligible Policyholder pursuant to the terms of the Agreement. If you elect to participate in the Excess Casualty Fund and tender a Release as described below, your payment will also include a pro rata portion of any interest or investment income earned on the Excess Casualty Fund.

The Release

In order to participate in the Excess Casualty Fund and collect your company's allocated amount, an authorized representative from your company must sign the Release contained in this mailing and return the completed Release, postmarked by January 26, 2007, in the envelope provided. You may not alter the Release in any way, as it must be received by AIG in the form attached to the Agreement.

The decision of whether or not to participate in the Excess Casualty Fund is entirely voluntary. By signing the Release, you will give up your right to pursue any claims against AIG, its subsidiaries, and the other parties included in the definition of "Releasee" in the attached form of Release (collectively, the "Released Parties") for (i) any of the allegations, acts, omissions, transactions, events, types of conduct or matters that are the subject of the complaint entitled The People of the State of New York v. American International Group, Inc., Maurice R. Greenberg and Howard I. Smith, Index No. 401720/2005, described in the Agreement, or were subject to investigation by the New York Attorney General and the New York Insurance Department as referenced in the Agreement; (ii) any allegations, acts, omissions, transactions, events, types of conduct or matters that are the subject of In re Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation, MDL No. 1663, or the actions pending in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey captioned In re: Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation, Civ. No. 04-5184 (FSH), and In re Employee Benefit Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation, Civ. No. 05-1079 (FSH), or any related actions filed or transferred to the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey that are consolidated into either of the preceding Civil Action dockets; or (iii) any allegations of bid-rigging or of the use of contingent commission agreements or placement service agreements to steer business.

The Release will not release any claims that are based upon, arise out of or relate to (a) the purchase or sale of AIG securities, and (b) AIG's Life Insurance Operations, as defined in the Agreement. The Release also does not preclude participating policyholders from seeking relief against entities or individuals other than the Released Parties.

If your company does not elect to participate in the Excess Casualty Fund, your company will retain any rights it may have to pursue an individual or class action against AIG, including by participating in the actions listed above.

Payment Under the Excess Casualty Fund

If your company elects to participate in the Excess Casualty Fund, and AIG timely receives your company's Release, AIG will mail its payment to your company by February 28, 2007.

In deciding whether to participate in the Excess Casualty Fund, your company should review the complete terms of the Agreement, including the following provision:

In the event that any Eligible Policyholder elects not to participate or otherwise does not respond to the Excess Notice..., the amount that such policyholder was eligible to receive...may be used by AIG to satisfy any pending or other claims asserted by

policyholders relating to the excess casualty bid rigging or excess casualty steering allegations set forth in this Agreement, provided that in no event shall a distribution be made from the Excess Casualty Fund to any other policyholder until all Participating Policyholders have been paid the full aggregate amount set forth ...above...; nor shall the total payments from the Excess Casualty Fund to any Non-Participating Policyholder exceed 80% of the amount that Non-Participating Policyholder was originally eligible to receive ..." (Settlement Agreement ¶ 23; Stipulation ¶ 23.)

Pursuant to this provision, any money remaining in the Excess Casualty Fund after checks are mailed to Participating Policyholders may be used to resolve any claims asserted by excess casualty policyholders (including policyholders who do not fall within the definition of "Eligible Policyholder") relating to the excess casualty bid rigging or excess casualty steering allegations contained in the Agreement. Payments from the Excess Casualty Fund to non-participating Eligible Policyholders will be limited to a maximum of 80% of the amount the Eligible Policyholder could have collected if it had participated in the Excess Casualty Fund prior to January 26, 2007.

Amounts Remaining in the Excess Casualty Fund

Under no circumstances will any portion of the Excess Casualty Fund revert to AIG. In particular, if any money remains in the Excess Casualty Fund as of January 31, 2008, any such funds shall be distributed by February 29, 2008 on a pro rata basis to the Participating Policyholders.

* * *

If you have any questions about participation in the Excess Casualty Fund, you may contact our Settlement Administrator, The Garden City Group, Inc. at (888) 355-5464 or by e-mail at aiginfo@gardencitygroup.com. AIG is committed to business practices that provide transparency and fairness in the insurance markets. On behalf of AIG, I want to thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,

Kenneth V. Harkins Deputy General Counsel

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

Item Description

Receive report regarding cost comparison between workers' compensation TPA and bringing claims in-house and authorizing CEO to notify TPA of contract termination

Background, Discussion

The attached narrative and cost sheet illustrate the difference between in-house claims administration and the TPA.

Recommendation Staff recommends authorizing the Chief

Executive Officer to notify the TPA of December 31, 2006 contract termination.

STAFF REPORT September 14, 2006

SUBJECT: Comparison between administering Workers' Compensation claims using a third party administrator and using in-house staff.

BACKGROUND: UCIP began its workers' compensation program on January 1, 2004. UCIP started the program earlier than planned to stave off an attempt by the Utah Local Governments Trust to start a competing program that was being offered to counties. Alternative Service Concepts was selected as the third party administrator based on their response to the RFP that had been issued in August, 2003 for Risk Management Information Systems. ASC was able to put together a dedicated office for UCIP within 60 days. UCIP had 14 counties in the program on January 1, 2004.

CURRENT STATUS: There are 25 counties, 1 multi-county health department, and 1 mental health district in the program currently. ASC has hired a new adjuster as of September 6. The program has grown to the point that a claims assistant should be hired to properly service our members. ASC is currently preparing to convert the claims system from GenSource to CS Stars.

CHALLENGES TO TAKING CLAIMS IN-HOUSE: Supervision by experienced senior adjuster is missing. Data processing oversight is missing. During vacation, illness, or in the event of termination of adjuster, there is no backup.

BENEFITS TO TAKING CLAIMS IN-HOUSE: Cost savings in second and subsequent years is considerable. Marginal cost for space, phones and other support is minimal. UCIP will exercise more control over the claims adjusting function.

COST COMPARISON

TPA and In-House

Annual cost TPA Contract

\$195,000

- One adjuster
- One claims assistant
- Supervision
- Claims system
- Support supplies, etc

Annual cost Proposed In-house

•	One adjuster (with benefits)	\$77,500
•	One claims assistant (with benefits)	49,000
•	Claims system	8,000
•	Support supplies	4,500
•	Claims audit	6,500
	Annual (recurring) costs subtotal	\$145,500

One-time costs for bringing in-house

Claims data conversionCapital outlay (furniture)One-time costs subtotal	\$30,000 <u>6,000</u> \$36,000
Total first year costs in-house	\$181,500
First year savings	\$13,500
Annual savings thereafter	\$49,500

Utah Counties Insurance Pool Payments

Payments
August 23 - September 22, 2006

WF-Expense Liability Check Paycheck Paycheck Paycheck Paycheck Paycheck Paycheck Paycheck Paycheck Check Che	Туре
8/29/2006 8/30/2006 8/30/2006 8/30/2006 8/30/2006 8/30/2006 8/30/2006 9/1/2006	Date
ONLINE ONLINE 3558 3559 3560 3561 3562 3566 3566 3566 3566 3571 3566 3577 3586 3577 3588 3588 3588 3588 3588 3588 3588	Num
Anne M. Ayrton Brody S. Parker Charmaine G. Green Korby M. Siggard Lester J. Nixon Mark W. Brady Sonya J. White Utah State Tax Commission United States Treasury Nationwide Retirement Solutions Utah Retirement Systems PEHP-LTD FCP Holdings, LLC Snelling Personnel Services, Inc. CodeCo Law Publishers Les Olson Company Utah Counties Insurance Pool Judgesrun Foundation Utah Safety Council Pitney Bowes, Inc. Henriksen/Butler Verizon Wireless Professional Binding Products, Inc. Marsh USA Risk & Insurance Services Utah Safety Council Korby M. Siggard Charmaine G. Green Print2day Sonya J. White Office Depot Abbey Inn James Eardley Lynn Lemon James Nyland Ira Hatch Ken Bischoff Kent Sundberg Karla Johnson Kay Blackwell Jerry Grover Steve Baker Jonathan D. Woods Neil Lindberg Dirk Hatch Southern Utah University Lester J. Nixon Quick Books Payroll Service Anne M. Ayrton Brody S. Parker Charmaine G. Green	Name
Created by Payroll Service on 08/28/2006 Direct Deposit	Memo
-SPLITSSPLITSSPLITSSPLITSSPLITS	Split
-12,275.25 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	Amount

Utah Counties Insurance Pool

Payments August 23 - September 22, 2006

Туре	Date	Num	Name	Memo	Split	Amount
Paycheck	9/14/2006		Korby M. Siggard	Direct Deposit	-SPLIT-	0.00
Paycheck	9/14/2006		Lester J. Nixon	Direct Deposit	-SPLIT-	00.0
Paycheck	9/14/2006		Mark W. Brady	Direct Deposit	-SPLIT-	00.0
Paycheck	9/14/2006		Sonya J. White	Direct Deposit	-SPLIT-	0.00
Liability Check	9/15/2006		United States Treasury	Acknowledgement Number: 270656600563870	-SPLIT-	-4,275.88
Check	9/22/2006	VISA	Wells Fargo	Account Number: 4856 2002 0646 9796	-SPLIT-	-3,206.34
Check	9/22/2006	VISA	Wells Fargo	Account Number: 4856 2002 0646 9788	-SPLIT-	-4,185.05
Check	9/22/2006	VISA	Wells Fargo	Account Number: 4856 2002 0789 0792	-SPLIT-	-580.38
Check	9/22/2006	3595	David Rowley	Hotel Reimbursement	Marketing EB	-75.00
Check	9/22/2006	3596	Contract Solutions Group	October 11 SWAP Training Seminar	Exhibiting & Sponsorship	-1,600.00
Check	9/22/2006	3597	Utah Association of Counties	USACCC Conference Sponsorship	Exhibiting & Sponsorship	-425.00
Check	9/22/2006	3598	FCP Holdings, LLC	Commerical Lease: 6900 South 900 East, Suite 230	Building Lease	-5,653.38
Check	9/22/2006	3599	Qwest	Account Number: 801-565-8500 170B	Telephone	-483.59
Check	9/22/2006	3600	Public Risk Management Association	Membership Number: 10008103	Dues / Subscriptions	-310.00
Check	9/22/2006	VISA	Wells Fargo	Account Number: 4856 2002 0633 9635	-SPLIT-	-178.05
Check	9/22/2006	3601	Verizon Wireless	Invoice Number: 2070108079	Telephone	-111.16
Check	9/22/2006	3602	Verizon Wireless	Invoice Number: 2070108078	Telephone	-41.01
Check	9/22/2006	3603	Larson & Company	Invoice Number: 19396	-SPLIT-	-457.50
Check	9/22/2006	3604	Verizon Wireless	Invoice Number: 2070391291	Telephone	-259.87
Check	9/22/2006	3605	Pitney Bowes Postage by Phone	Customer Identification #: 19821793866	Postage	-230.00
Check	9/22/2006	3606	Snelling Personnel Services, Inc.	Customer Number: 20873-00004JTM	-SPLIT-	-1,738.85
Check	9/22/2006	3607	Office Depot	Account Number: 35538769	-SPLIT-	-34.32
Total WF-Expense						-94,335.59
WF-Work Comp Expense Check 9/6/20	xpense 9/6/2006	0138	Alternative Service Concepts, LLC	Invoice Number: 0010717-IN	Third Party Administrator	-7,994.20
Check	9/6/2006	0139	Pfeiffer Consulting Group, LLP	Invoice Number: 2006-9	Consultant WC	-1,500.00
Total WF-Work Comp Expense	mp Expense				•	-9,494.20
TOTAL						-103,829.79